1918

News, Notes, and Advertisements

Kentucky Law Journal

Follow this and additional works at: https://uknowledge.uky.edu/klj
Right click to open a feedback form in a new tab to let us know how this document benefits you.

Recommended Citation
Available at: https://uknowledge.uky.edu/klj/vol6/iss4/8

This Note is brought to you for free and open access by the Law Journals at UKnowledge. It has been accepted for inclusion in Kentucky Law Journal by an authorized editor of UKnowledge. For more information, please contact UKnowledge@lsv.uky.edu.
Kentucky State Bar Association

OFFICERS, 1917-1918.

PRESIDENT
Robert C. Simmons, Covington.

VICE PRESIDENTS
First District—W. A. Berry, Paducah
Second District—E. B. Anderson, Owensboro
Third District—L. W. Ross, Taylorsville
Fourth District—Frank P. Straus, Louisville
Fifth District—W. O. Davis, Versailles
Sixth District—H. E. Mackoy, Covington
Seventh District—James D. Black, Barbourville

MEMBERS OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
W. P. Kimball, Lexington
Helm Bruce, Louisville
John K. Todd, Shelbyville
George C. Webb, Lexington
J. F. Gordon, Madisonville
A. R. Burnam, Jr., Richmond

And the President, Secretary and Treasurer, ex-officio.

SECRETARY
J. Verser Conner, Louisville

TREASURER
Wm. W. Crawford, Louisville

NOTES.

GOVERNMENT NEEDS LAWYERS.

The American Bar Association has appointed a Special Committee for War Service, whose function is to supply the right lawyers to any Department of the Government in need of men with legal training. This activity has the sanction and cordial approval of President Wilson and his Cabinet, who have suggested that it be carried on in co-operation with the U. S. Public Service Reserve of the Department of Labor.

The Special Committee consisting of John Lowell, Chairman, and Lawrence G. Brooks, Secretary, is now established in Washington at 1712 Eye Street, where it is engaged in making a survey of
the several Government Departments and Bureaus to ascertain the kind of work at present being done by lawyers, the number of additional lawyers now needed, and the extent of the probable future demand for members of the legal profession. The Committee, on the other hand, is canvassing the situation through the many channels open to the American Bar Association, to discover what lawyers of ability are available for the Government.

The survey so far made shows that lawyers are wanted by the Government in a variety of capacities, both legal and executive, volunteer and compensated, to work in Washington and elsewhere—that the Association, in short, has a splendid opportunity for national service. The Special Committee is now preparing as rapidly as possible to perform this service, and expects soon to be in a position promptly and capably to answer the call of any Department for men with legal experience.

The Committee asks that all lawyers willing and able to serve the Government at this time send their names to the American Bar Association at 1712 Eye Street, Washington, D. C., with a brief statement of their training and qualifications and the conditions under which they are able to serve.

"DEMURRAGE" FEES PROPOSED BY CHICAGO LAWYER.

The real blame for court calendar congestion is due to those lawyers who start lawsuits and then each time that the case appears on the call move for a continuance. I do not believe the judges should be held entirely responsible for the congestion complained of. Any criticism of the courts which does not in connection therewith contain concrete and practical suggestions for adequate relief is unfortunate and should be discouraged.

The final bulwark of a republic is its judiciary and respect for and confidence in that branch of the government should be augmented rather than diminished.

All criticism of the courts usually is borne by the judges because they are the presiding officers. The judges, however, are
"Demurrage" Fees Proposed by Chicago Lawyer.

primarily responsible for not providing and enforcing ironclad rules which will prevent continuances, except in cases where counsel is actually engaged in the trial of another cause and absence or illness of important and essential witnesses.

Elective Judiciary Is Blamed.

If continuances are left entirely to the discretion of the court, as long as we have an elective judiciary practically every motion made for a continuance is bound to be granted.

The scientific way to remedy an evil is to remove the cause.

It is safe to assume that 60 per cent. of the cases passed on motion of attorneys for plaintiff are without real merit, and if the attorneys were forced to trial when the case is reached on the calendar the dockets could very easily be cleared.

Cook county provides judges, clerks, sheriffs and jurors in an unusually large number because of the big calendar of cases now pending and on the assumption that litigants desire sure and speedy justice. When a litigant’s case is reached, he should therefore be compelled to try it, get out of court or pay the expense of the court machinery which placed his case on a trial calendar and was then compelled to pass it because litigants were not ready for a hearing.

Is Compared to Rail Situation.

About twenty-five years ago the railroad companies were suffering tremendous losses by the delay of consignees in unloading their freight and a demurrage charge was established and finally sustained through the courts.

Recently when Mr. McAdoo desired to relieve the congestion in the East he trebled the long established demurrage charge and now threatens to make it five times the old rate.

If the judges in this court would apply the same rule of "demurrage" on law cases, making every one who desired to have his case continued pay a good round substantial fee, I think one could safely assume that the number of cases pending in Cook county in less than one year would be just one-half of what they are today. This money should be used for the maintenance of the courts.
Let those who threaten to use but in fact abuse the privileges of the court pay for their folly rather than have the taxpayers bear the burden.

Some States Discourage Practice.

It might also be well to adopt the rule now in force in many states of having the moving party pay all of the court costs then accrued to opposing party before a continuance will be granted.

The congestion of our court calendar is due to an unusually large number of undisposed of cases of personal injuries. This is the direct result of the untrammeled work of the "ambulance chaser" who immediately solicits personal injury suits after every accident and makes extravagant and unwarranted representations to the unfortunate victim as to the large verdict he is going to secure for him.

At least half of these cases are without merit, but certain lawyers bring them knowing that defendant corporations will some day become weary of the numerous continuances and delays and will pay from $50 to $100 in order to have the case disposed of, and as the "ambulance chaser" has only invested $11 or $12 to put the case on the calendar he is sure to make a fee of $25 to $35 in each case after giving a small pittance to the plaintiff.

If these lawyers can settle four or five cases a month they are making much more money than they could in any other occupation they are qualified for, and yet many of these men settle a dozen or fifteen of these cases each month.—Emil C. Wetten.

The lawyers of Kentucky lament the recent death of Judge Sam V. Dixon, of the Fifth Judicial District. He was one of the best known lawyers and jurists of the Pennyrile.

Governor Stanley appointed his former law partner, Judge John L. Dorsey, of Henderson, to fill the unexpired term of Judge Dixon. The new incumbent was formerly judge of the same circuit, and has often been referred to as one of the most able Nisi Prius judges in the State.
WHAT YOUR BOND PURCHASE WILL ACCOMPLISH.

The following figures give one a definite idea of what his or her loan to the Government by the purchase of Liberty Bonds will accomplish when used by the War Department:

One $50 bond will buy trench knives for a rifle company, or 23 hand grenades; or 14 rifle grenades, or 37 cases of surgical instruments for enlisted men’s belts, or 10 cases of surgical instruments for officers’ belts.

A $100 bond will clothe a soldier, or feed a soldier for eight months, or purchase 5 rifles or 30 rifle grenades, or 43 hand grenades, or 25 pounds of ether, or 145 hot-water bags, or 2,000 surgical needles.

A $100 and a $50 bond will clothe and equip an Infantry soldier for service overseas, or feed a soldier for a year.

Two $100 bonds will purchase a horse or mule for Cavalry, Artillery, or other service.

Three $100 bonds will clothe a soldier and feed him for one year in France, or buy a motorcycle for a machine-gun company.

Four $100 bonds will buy an X-ray outfit.

One $500 bond will supply bicycles for the headquarters company of an Infantry regiment.
COLLEGE OF LAW
University of Kentucky
Member Association of American Law Schools

ADMISSION
Applicants for admission must be at least eighteen years of age and must be able to meet the requirements for admission to the University. If under twenty-one years of age when matriculated, must complete at least fifteen units in the College of Arts and Science before graduation.

LAW LIBRARY
The law library contains about 10,000 volumes of well selected law books, including complete set of all English reports, reports of all Federal Courts, National Reporter System, complete sets of many of the State reports, all popular current issues of law books and a large collection of text-books.

COURSE OF STUDY
The College of Law offers a standard three-year course in law leading to the degree of Bachelor of Laws (L.L. B.) and also an advanced course leading to the degree of Master of Laws (L.L. M.).

PRACTICE COURT
A Practice Court is conducted in this school in which the students are thoroughly instructed in all phases of actual law practice, including the preparation of all kinds of legal documents, filing and conducting uncontested proceedings in court, filing of contested actions, joining of issues, trial of actual cases and prosecution of appeals. This work is complete and covers a large part of one year's work.

EXPENSES
The tuition is twenty dollars each semester of the University year, books cost about twenty-five dollars a year, board and lodging reasonable.

For catalog or other information address

W. T. LAFFERTY, Dean
Lexington. Ky.

Please mention The Journal when answering advertisements.
THE DOUBLE STANDARD
OIL AND GAS COMPANY

Capital Stock $100,000

Full paid, non-assessable.

$100 invested in oil has paid $40,000, and it may do so here.

Wages never made a man rich, but a small investment has.

Stock now selling at 10c a share.
$20 buys 200 shares; $50 buys 500 shares; $100 buys 1,000 shares.

If desired send 2c a share cash and 2c per share each month.

5% discount for all cash.

Figure what it means if it advances to $1.00 or $10.00 as others have done.

Our holdings are in Wyoming, Oklahoma, Kansas, Kentucky, Colorado, Texas, where wells produce as high as 10,000 barrels daily. One 100-barrel well will pay $72,000.00 a year, which would enable us to pay 4% a month dividends on stock issued, as 50% of net profits are to be paid in dividends to stockholders.

We are selling stock to increase holdings, drill wells and pay dividends. Buy now before it advances.

W. F. REYNOLDS, Secretary.

GENERAL OFFICES—830 Seventeenth St., Boston Building, Denver, Colorado. Phone Main 3937.

Salesmen wanted. Send for free oil map and literature.

Please mention The Journal when answering advertisements.
HUMPHREY'S STUDIO
431 West Main St.
LEXINGTON, KY.
WE MAKE THE STUDENTS' PICTURES, WHY NOT YOURS?

QUALITY TAILORING
At popular prices. Suits and Top Coats Made-to-Measure $18, $22.50, $25, $27.50, $30. Perfect fit and satisfaction guaranteed
Justright Tailoring Co.
"WE FIT YOU"
145 West Main St. Lexington, Ky.

THE LEXINGTON DRUG CO.
THE STUDENTS' FRIEND
Hot Drinks When Its Cold
Cold Drinks When Its Hot.
The Home of
MISS HOLLADY'S CANDY
STATIONERY FOUNTAIN PENS, ETC.

STANDARD QUIZ BOOKS
I. Blackstone; II. Contracts; III. Common Law Pleading and Practice; IV. Equity Pleading and Practice; V. Agency; VI. Partnership; VII. Personal Property; VIII. Bailments and Carriers; IX. Torts; X. Domestic Relations; XI. Code Pleading; XII. Evidence; XIII. Criminal Procedure. Price paper, 50 cents per number postpaid on receipt of amount.
Second hand law books bought and sold.
UNIVERSITY BOOK STORE. LEXINGTON, KY.

Please mention The Journal when answering advertisements.
A sure sign of spring is the wonderful showing of new spring hats—Dunlaps, Stetsons, Waldorfs, Pickwicks and Ashlands

$3.00 to $8.00
Kaufman Clothing Co.
(Incorporated)

The College Boys' Store
Graddy-Ryan Co.
(Incorporated)

Clothing, Tailoring, Shoes & Furnishings

"Wear for Young Men and Men Who Stay Young"

Please mention The Journal when answering advertisements.
SECURITY TRUST COMPANY
LEXINGTON, KY.

CAPITAL $500,000.00
SURPLUS AND RESERVE $250,000.00

SPECIALIZES IN SERVICE

For more than thirty years this company has been rendering satisfactory service to the community and its patrons, as is evidenced by its steady growth.

Its principal business is the management of trust estates under appointment by court, deed or will.

It retains as counsel for the estate the lawyer who brings the business to it, and its relations with the Bar are intimate, cordial and satisfactory.

It is well equipped to perform all duties of the modern trust company, and it guarantees proper service.

Interviews and correspondence looking to the extension of its business are invited.

C. N. MANNING, PRESIDENT

Please mention The Journal when answering advertisements.
ENCYCLOPEDIA

OF

United States Supreme Court Reports

"U. S. E."—A LEGAL CLASSIC.

A Complete Encyclopedia and Digest of the United States Supreme Court Decisions.

TWELVE LARGE VOLUMES INCLUDING SUPPLEMENTS
The Set $72.00, Freight Prepaid

$12.00 Cash; Six Quarterly Notes for $10.00 each, without interest.

BEST ENGLISH BUCKRAM BINDING.

Title for title, it devotes, on the average, more than three times as many pages, digest nearly twice as many pages, and contains more than four times as many citations, as are found in any other Digest of the U. S. Supreme Court Reports.

"The lawyer or judge wished to find cases in point. The best help with that end in view that I have ever used is the Encyclopedia of the U. S. Supreme Court Reports. It is superior to any Digest that has yet been published. I keep it constantly on my desk and use it daily."

DAVID D. SHELBY,
"Late Judge of the U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals, Fifth Circuit."

THE MICHIE COMPANY

LAW PUBLISHERS
CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA.

Please mention The Journal when answering advertisements.
The idea behind L.R.A. is not only attractive in itself, but is strongly backed by approval of judges and lawyers during 30 years of successful publication.

To give in the smallest practicable compass, the decisions which add something of permanent value to the science and practice of the law, reported with briefs of counsel and with editorial annotations of highest standard, is but one feature.

To faithfully chronicle the developments of the law as they occur, making L.R.A. perennially new—always down to date—is another feature. To sell it in convenient units is still another.

The whole service, designed to save your time in looking up the law, to suggest points to be used in arguments and to quickly prepare briefs, is a business builder often enabling you to give thousand dollar service in hundred dollar cases.