

# Co-Authorship Maps to Support Leadership Selection

A stack of several books is shown, with a glowing blue network of lines and nodes overlaid on top of them. The network appears to be a graph or map, with lines connecting various points, suggesting a complex relationship or data structure. The books are slightly out of focus, and the overall lighting is dim, with the blue glow providing the primary illumination.

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# University Health Network

Largest research hospital system in Canada

Ranked first in Canada for total research funding (Research Infosource)

Ranked third best hospital in the world (Newsweek)

On the traditional territory of many nations, including

- the Mississaugas of the Credit
- the Anishnabeg
- the Chippewa
- the Haudenosaunee
- the Wendat



Photo from UHN Annual Research Report 2019 by Dr. Ben Pakuts



**UHN**

Toronto General  
Toronto Western  
Princess Margaret  
Toronto Rehab  
Michener Institute

# University Health Network

Research led by principal investigators (PIs)

Research centralized at six research institutes

Large number of clinician scientists and investigators belonging to the four hospitals



Photo from UHN Annual Research Report 2019 by Dr. Ben Pakuts



# UHN

Toronto General  
Toronto Western  
Princess Margaret  
Toronto Rehab  
Michener Institute

# Clinical Research Collaborative Centre

**Establish Clinical Research Units (CRUs)  
at hospital sites to oversee clinical  
research at UHN**

**Coordinate with research institutes to  
facilitate flow of fundamental research to  
the bedside**

**Searching for CRU leads with excellent  
track records in both research and  
leadership**

- **Can co-authorship maps be used to  
evaluate research leadership?**

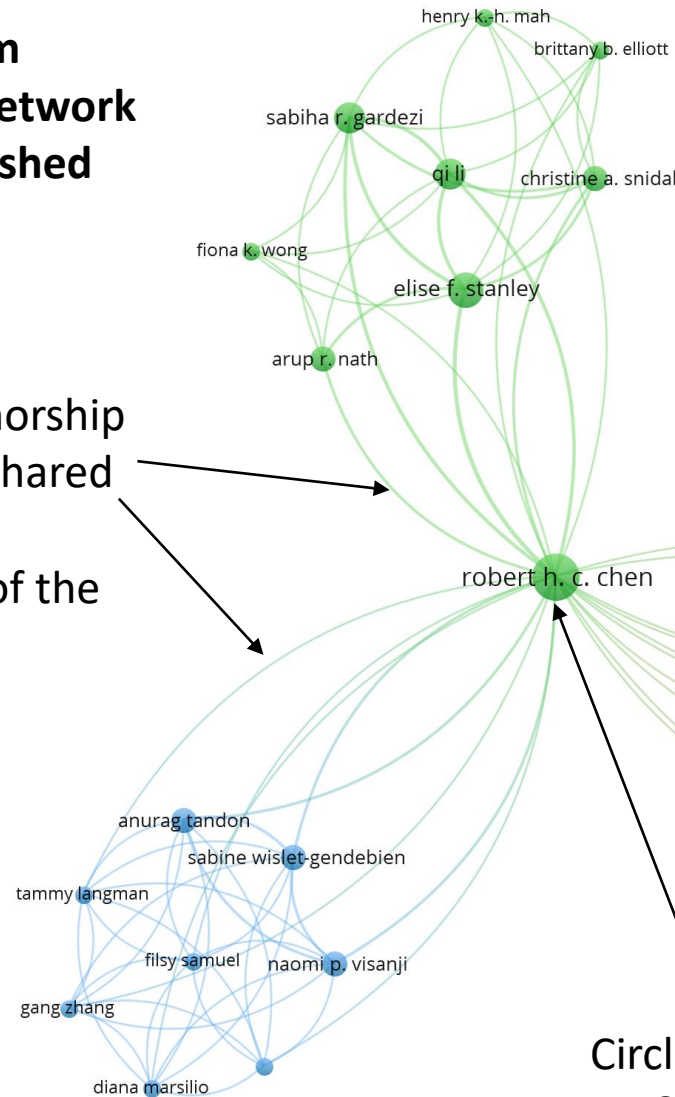


# Co-Authorship Maps

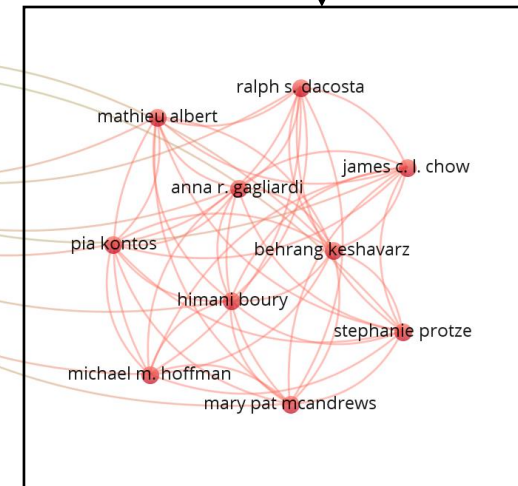
Uses authorship data from publications to create a network of people who have published together

Lines represent shared authorship

- Thicker the line = more shared papers
- Can also tell by the size of the auxiliary circles



Clusters by minimizing “strain” on lines to show groups of authors that frequently co-author papers



Circles represent authors

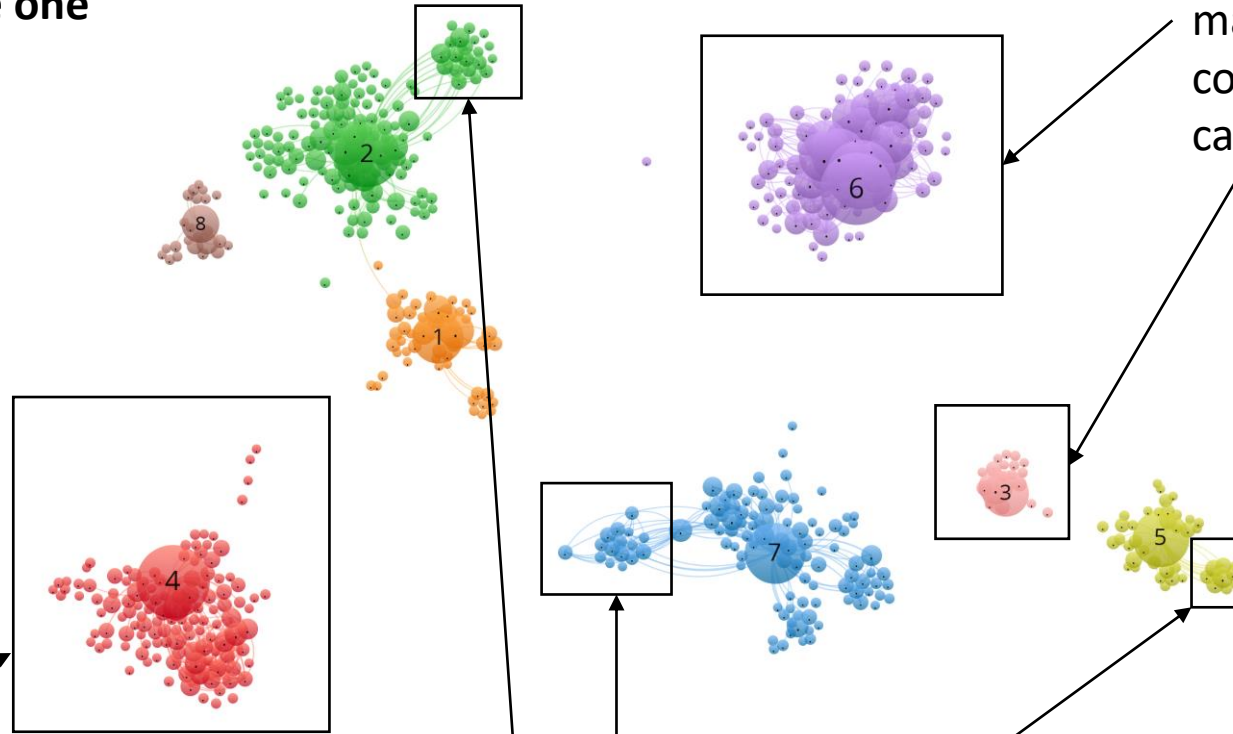
- Circle size relative to # of papers
- Author being investigated usually largest circle

# Co-Authorship Maps - Candidates

The auxiliary circles are the one you should be looking at

Size of network correlate to how many people collaborated with candidate

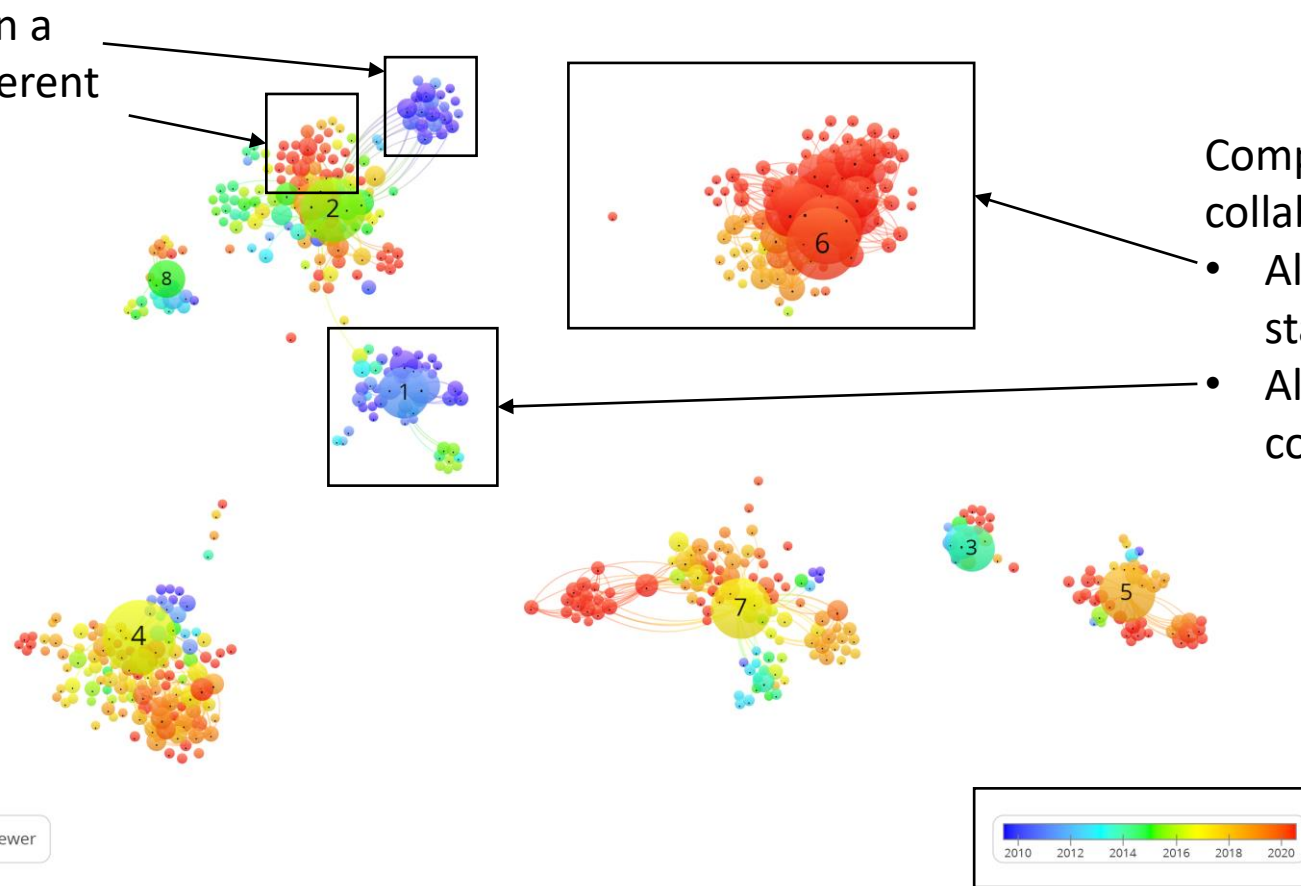
- How many of these are UHN collaborations?
- How many are between different PIs?



Candidate may not have had a leading role in collaboration

# Co-Authorship Maps – Over Time

Can also look within a network to see different age subclusters



Compare spread of collaborations over time:

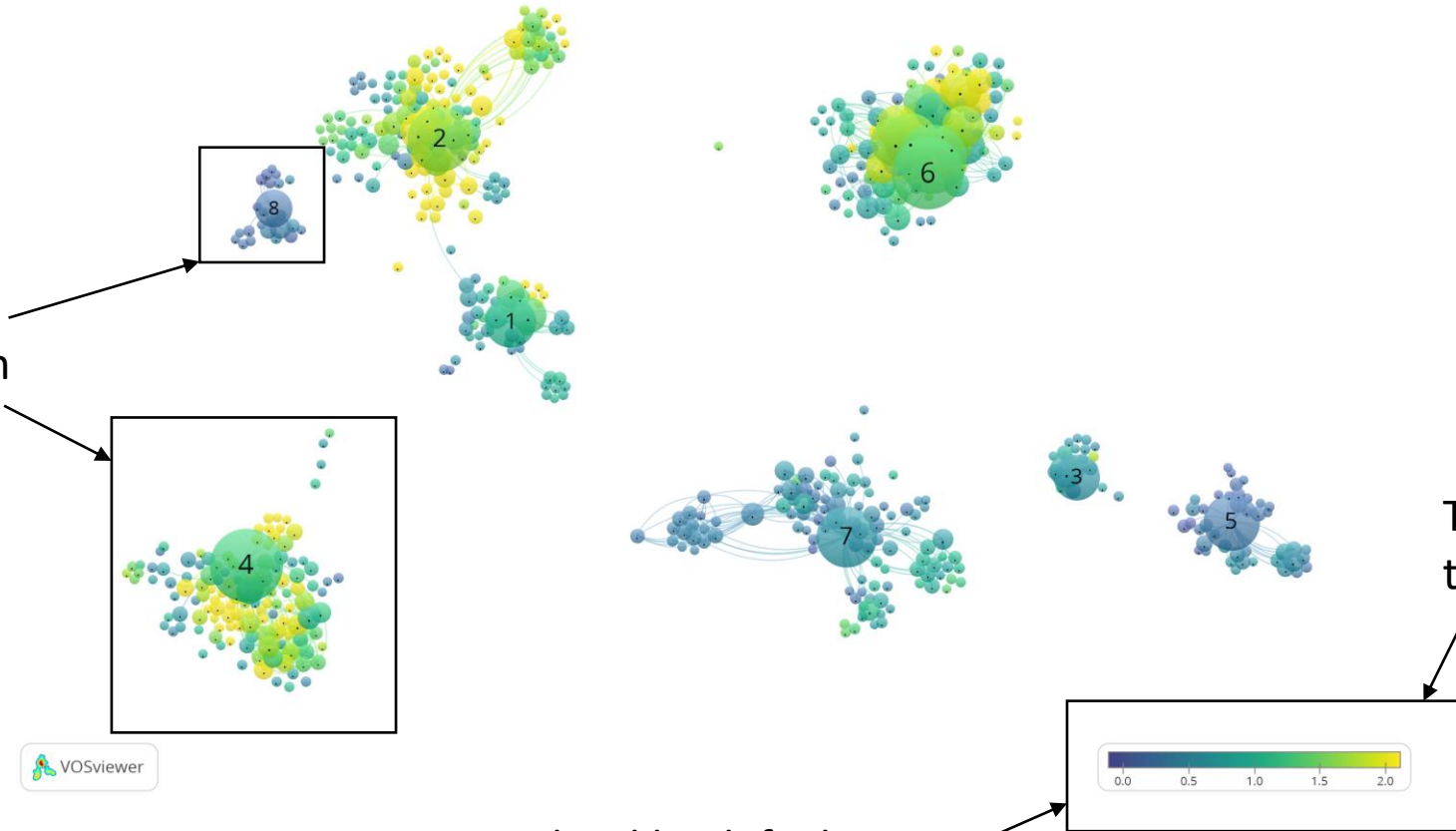
- All “hot”: Only recently started collaborating
- All “cold”: Haven’t collaborated in a while

VOSviewer

The “hotter” the colour, the newer the collaborations

# Co-Authorship Maps – “Normalized” Citation Impact

More and “brighter”  
circles = more high citation  
impact collaborations



The “brighter” the colour,  
the more citation impact

Citation impact normalized by default to  
other docs **in the same dataset** published  
in the same year

- Does not account for differences in  
field



# Issues to Overcome

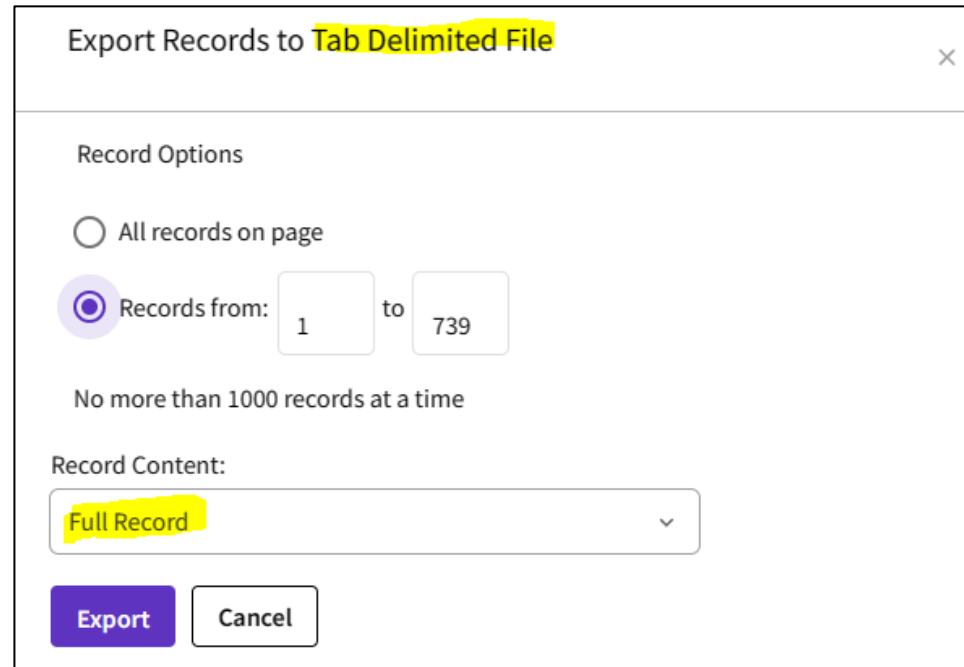
1. Candidate may not have had a leading role in collaboration
2. How many of these are UHN collaborations?
3. How many of these “collaborations” are between different labs?
4. Citation impact does not account for differences in research fields

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# A Leading Role in Collaboration

- Kept only papers where one of the candidates is first, last, or corresponding author
- Used Web of Science full record export as tab delimited file



Export Records to **Tab Delimited File** ×

Record Options

All records on page

Records from:  to

No more than 1000 records at a time

Record Content:

**Full Record** ▾

**Export**

# A Leading Role in Collaboration

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	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X		Z	AA
AF	BF	CA	TI	SO	SE	BS	LA	DT	CT	CY	CL	SP	HO	DE	ID	AB	C1	C3	RP	EM	RI
[Blurred content]																					

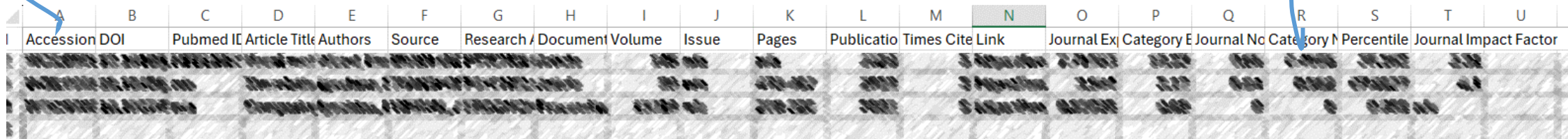
# Adapting to Requirements

1. Candidate may not have had a leading role in collaboration
2. How many of these are UHN collaborations?
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# Normalizing Citation Impact to Field

Used Category Normalized Citation Impact (CNCI) from Clarivate's InCites

- Matched back to Web of Science data using Accession Number



	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U		
1	Accession DOI	Pubmed ID	Article Title	Authors	Source	Research / Document	Volume	Issue	Pages	Publicatio	Times Cite	Link	Journal Ex	Category E	Journal No	Category N	Percentile	Journal Impact Factor				

Replaced the TC column in the Web of Science data with the CNCI values from InCites

- Warning: VOSViewer will only accept whole numbers in the TC column so make sure you round the CNCI values first

Used Avg. citations overlay instead of normalized for map

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# Filtering Collaborators

Identified which authors are UHN Principal Investigators (PIs) in VOSViewer Map File



	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N
1	id	label	x	y	cluster	weight<Lir	weight<To	weight<Dc	weight<Ci	weight<No	score<Avg	score<Avg	score<Avg	norm. citation

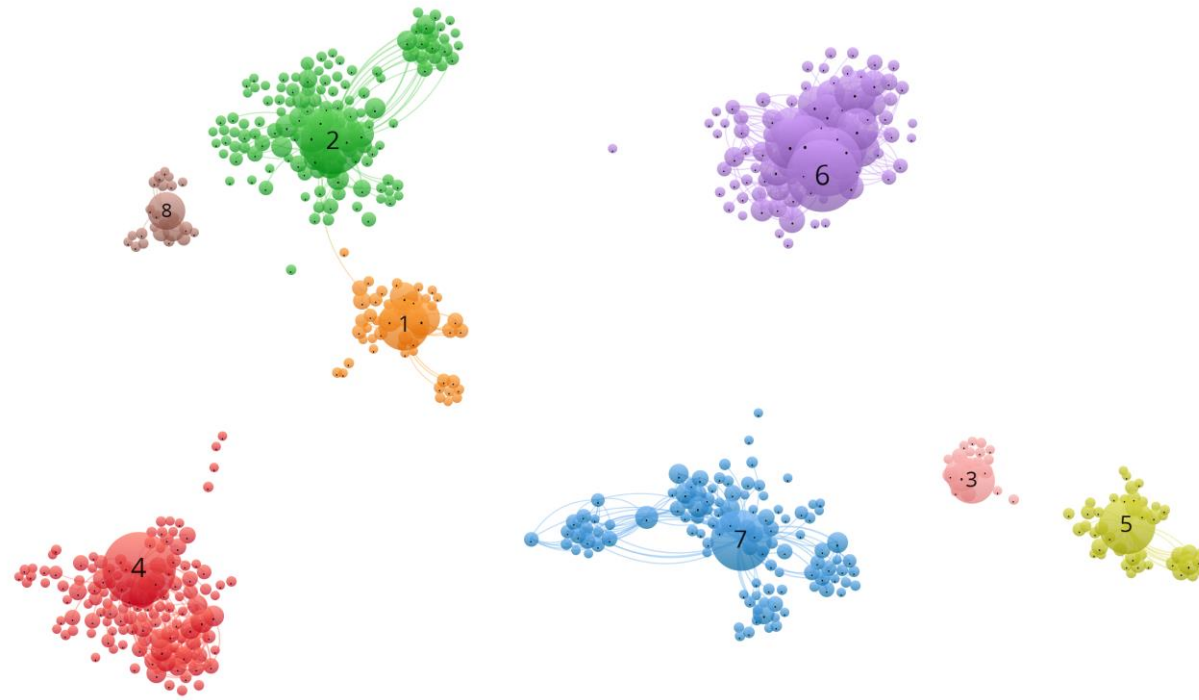
Created VOSViewer thesaurus:

- Removed people who are not UHN PIs by assigning blank for “replace by”
- Disambiguated UHN PIs by assigning the same “replace by” value

Re-run map creation process with the thesaurus

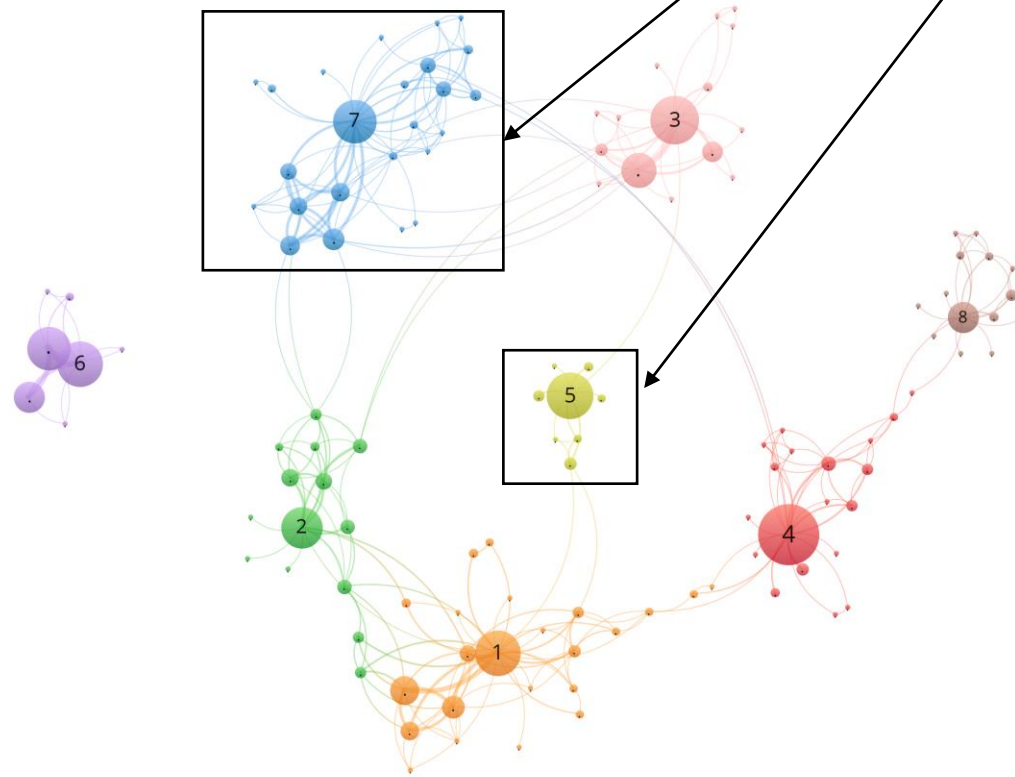


# Original Co-Authorship Map



# Leadership Co-Authorship Map

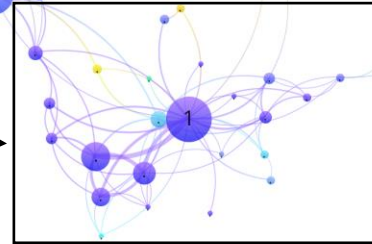
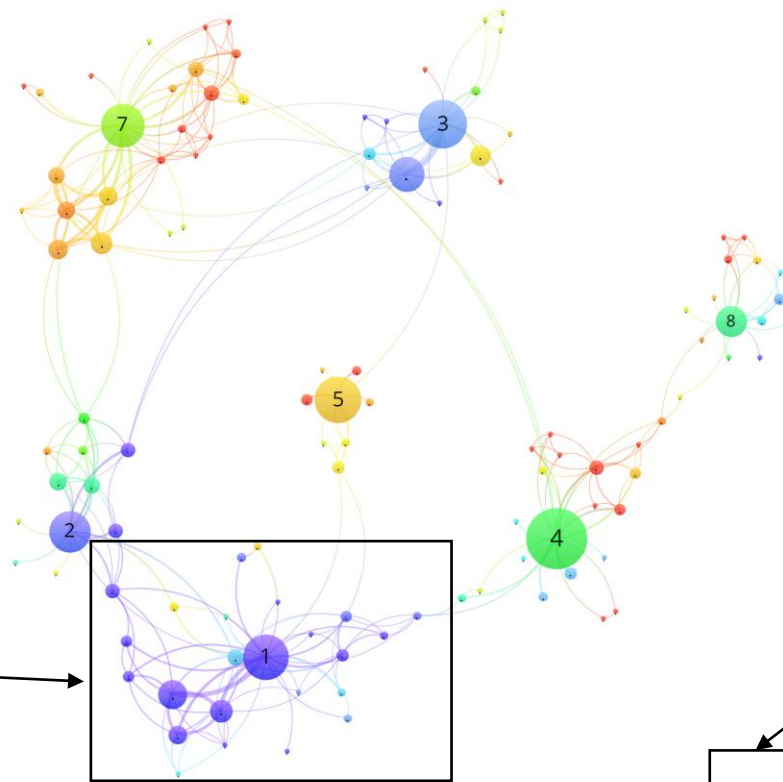
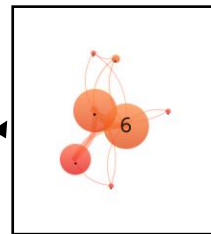
Size of network now better correlates to how many collaborative studies **with other UHN PIs** were led by candidate



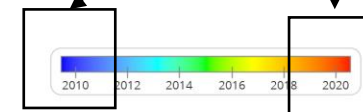
# Leadership Co-Authorship Map – Over Time

Compare spread of collaborations over time:

- All “hot”: Only recently started collaborating
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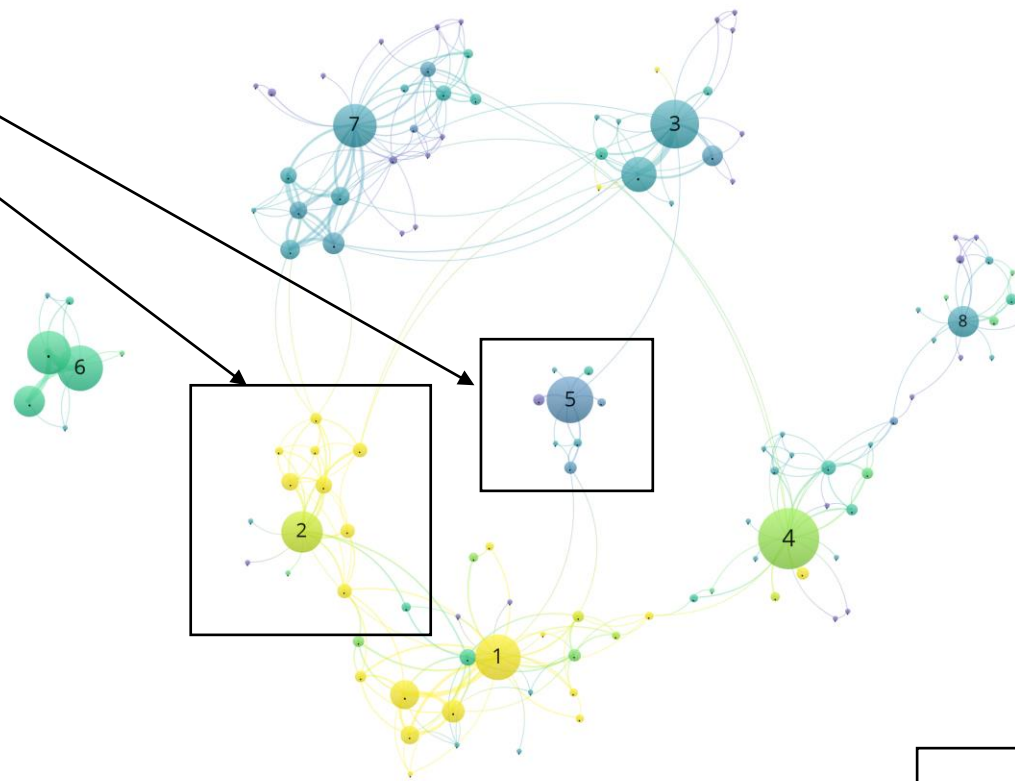


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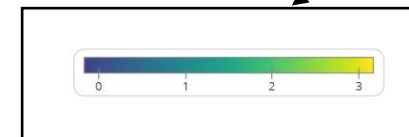
# Leadership Co-Authorship Map – Normalized Citation Impact

More, larger, and brighter circles = **led** more high citation impact collaborations



Citation impact now accounts for time **and field**

The “brighter” the colour, the more citation impact



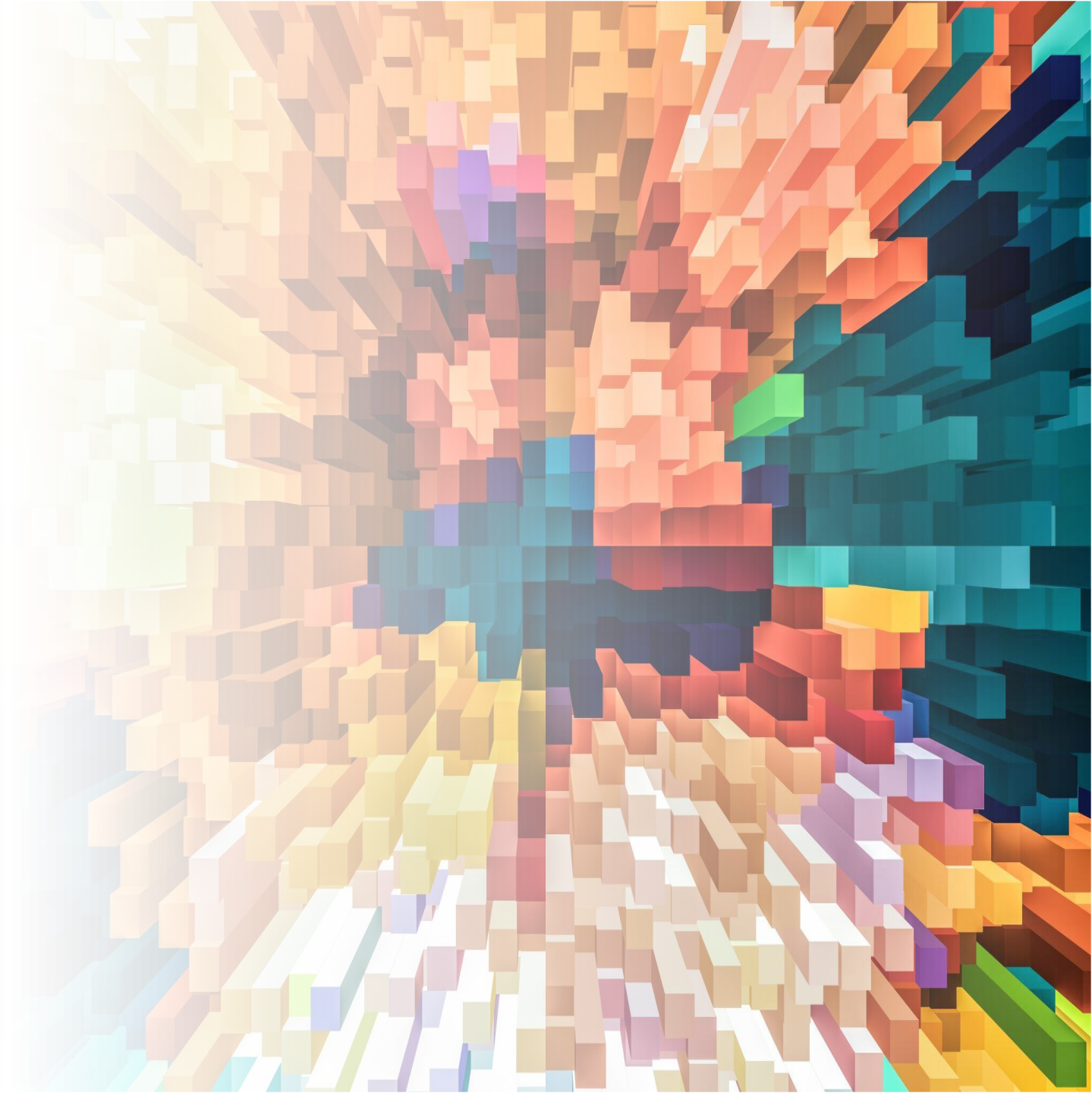
# Assumptions and Limitations

**Collaborations on publications should not be the only factor in decision making**

- **Biases between newer vs older researchers**
- **Citation impact only a proxy for success**
- **Many other factors represent leadership (e.g., honours, peer review, intangibles)**

**First, last, and corresponding authors might not be the “lead” author**

**Putting all on one slide allows easier comparison but shared co-authors will go to candidate with more shared authorships**



# Lessons Learned

**Maps are not intuitive to those who have not worked with them before**

- **Add some established leaders into maps alongside candidates**
- **Find time with selection committee to go through how to interpret the map and provide cheat sheet**
- **Provide VOSViewer JSON file so that people can zoom and pan the map themselves in VOSViewer Online**



# Acknowledgements



Nees Jan van Eck



Ludo Waltman

[Nees Jan van Eck](#) and [Ludo Waltman](#) are working as researchers at the [Centre for Science and Technology Studies](#) (CWTS) of Leiden University in the Netherlands. Their research focuses on the analysis and visualization of bibliometric networks and aims to contribute to an improved understanding of the structure and dynamics of science.



- Web of Science for co-authorship data
- InCites for Category Normalized Citation Impact

**Thank you for your time**



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