1919

Bulletin of the University of Kentucky College of Law – 1919-1920

University of Kentucky College of Law

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UNIVERSITY CALENDAR

1920
June 21 to July 30

1920
Sept. 16, 17, 18  Thurs., Fri., Sat.
September 20, 21  Mon. to Tues. 4 p.m.
September 22  Wednesday
November 25  Thursday
Dec. 17 to Jan. 4  Friday noon to Tuesday 8 a.m.

1921
Jan. 29 to Feb. 5  Sat. to Sat.
February 7  Monday
February 8  Tuesday
February 22  Thursday
Mar. 24 to 29  Thurs. to Tues. 8 a.m.

Commencement Week
June 12  Sunday
June 13  Monday
June 14  Tuesday
June 15  Wednesday
Baccalaureate Sermon
Board of Trustees meets.
Class Day.
Alumni Banquet.
Fifty-fourth Annual Commencement.

Summer Session
General Session
Examinations for entrance.
Registration for first semester.
Instruction begins.
Thanksgiving holiday.
Christmas holidays.

Mid-year examinations.
Registration for second semester.
Instruction resumed.
Washington's birthday.
Easter holiday.

Board of Trustees meets.
Class Day.
Alumni Banquet.
Fifty-fourth Annual Commencement.
THE UNIVERSITY ORGANIZATION

College of Arts and Sciences

Department of Anatomy and Physiology
Department of Ancient Languages and Literatures
Department of Art and Design
Department of Bacteriology
Department of Botany
Department of Chemistry
Department of Economics and Sociology
Department of Education
Department of English Language and Literature
Department of Geology
Department of German Language and Literature
Department of History and Political Science
Department of Journalism
Department of Mathematics and Astronomy
Department of Military Science
Department of Music
Department of Philosophy
Department of Physical Education
Department of Physics
Department of Psychology
Department of Romance Languages and Literatures
Department of Zoology

College of Agriculture

The College

Department of Agronomy
Department of Animal Husbandry (Beef Cattle, Sheep and Swine)
Department of Animal Husbandry (Dairy Cattle, Horses and Poultry)
Department of Farm Management
Department of Home Economics
Department of Horticulture
Department of Markets
Department of Veterinary Science
Experiment Station

Department of Administration
Department of Agronomy
Department of Animal Husbandry (Beef Cattle, Sheep and Swine)
Department of Animal Husbandry (Dairy Cattle, Horses and Poultry)
Department of Chemistry
Department of Entomology and Botany
Department of Farm Management
Department of Feed Control
Department of Fertilizer Control
Department of Food and Drug Control
Department of Horticulture
Department of Markets
Department of Veterinary Science

Extension Division

Club for Boys and Girls
Farm Demonstration
General Extension Work thru Departments (Agronomy, Animal Husbandry, Dairying, Soil Fertility, Farm Management, Feed Control, Horticulture, Veterinary Science and Marketing)
Home Demonstration
Negro Demonstration

College of Engineering

Department of Civil Engineering
Department of Drawing
Department of Electrical Engineering
Department of Industrial Engineering
Department of Mechanical Engineering
Department of Mechanics of Engineering
Department of Mines and Metallurgy
Department of Practical Mechanics
Department of Rural Highway Engineering

College of Law
Graduate School
Summer Session
The University Extension
COLLEGE OF LAW

OFFICERS OF ADMINISTRATION AND INSTRUCTION

FRANK LeROND McVey, Ph. D., LL. D.
President of the University

WILLIAM THORNTON LAFFERTY, A. B., A. M.
Dean and Professor of Law

CHALKLEY, LYMAN, B. L.
Professor of Law

Goble, George Washington, A. B., LL. B.
Professor of Law

Hamilton, William Shacklette, A. B., B. A. (Oxon.)
Professor of Law

Summers, Walter Lee, A. B., LL. B., Jur. Dr.
Professor of Law

Special Lecturers

Bush, James R., A. B.
Lectures on Legal Ethics

Kelly, Martin T., LL. B.
Lectures on Federal Court Procedure

Norwood, Charles J., M. S.
Lectures on Mine Construction and Operation

Stoll, Richard C., A. B., LL. B., LL. D.
Lectures on Corporate Organization and Operation

Librarian

White, Clara Warland
Librarian
Introductory Statement

The College of Law of the University of Kentucky was organized under the provisions of an act of the Legislature passed in 1908, and was opened for the admission of students in September of that year.

After the expiration of the first year, the course of study was so amended as to meet the requirements of the Association of American Law Schools; application for admission to membership in that association was made, and soon thereafter granted. Other improvements are constantly being made in order to keep pace with the most approved law schools of the country.

Our country is experiencing remarkable growth and development. The requirements for a successful career in all lines of business and in all professions, necessitate the laying of a broader foundation before encountering these greatly changed conditions. The design of this College is to teach the student the fundamental principles of English and American law, and to so extend the course of study as to fit him for the bar in any state. The course offered is thorough and comprehensive, giving such training as will prepare him for usefulness as a citizen, and success as a practitioner. The instruction will not be limited to persons who may choose the law as a profession, but will be given also to students who may elect to take the whole or a limited course, which will be found useful in the pursuit of some other business or occupation. A good knowledge of the law is now being generally recognized as necessary and fundamental in making up a well-rounded preparation for a business life. Besides this, the study of the law as now taught with its collateral work, is an important part of a liberal education.

Admission

Applicants for admission to the first year classes of the College of Law must be at least eighteen years of age. Each of such applicants, if required, must present evidence of good character.

Entrance Requirements

Any graduate of an accredited high school will be admitted who presents three units of English, one unit of Algebra, one unit of Plane Geometry and ten other units selected from any subjects counted by an accredited school toward graduation. Four units in vocational subjects may be counted in this number.

Students not graduates of an accredited school must pass examinations for admission.

No student will be admitted who has an entrance condition.
College Requirements

Law students who enter prior to September 1921 must complete 30 credits of college work, the equivalent of the freshman year in this University, in addition to the required law work, before being classified as seniors. All law students entering from and after that date must offer 30 credits of such work for admission. No extra charge will be made for work done by law students in other colleges or departments of this University.

Law Requirements for Graduation

The prescribed law work for the first and second years and twenty-four credits for the third year including the subjects of Property V, Conflict of Laws and Court Practice are required for graduation.

Subjects had in other approved law schools may be substituted for subjects in the course in this school.

Advanced Standing

Applicants for admission to advanced standing in law must first satisfy the foregoing entrance requirements by presentation of satisfactory certificates issued by an approved law school, which requires entrance credits equal to the above, or by examination. Such applicants may then be granted any advanced credits in law to which they are entitled. Under certain conditions advanced credit will be given to those who have engaged in the practice of law in this state, or have been admitted to the bar in this state since May, 1918. In no event will credit be given for more than two years of law work done outside of this college.

Special Students

Persons who are at least twenty-one years of age, who can meet the entrance requirements are allowed to become special students, with the privilege of pursuing the courses of study in any of the specified subjects, but without the privilege of being enrolled as candidates for a degree. All such students must satisfy the authorities that they are qualified to pursue the work with profit to themselves, and will be required to complete the subjects selected with the same thoroughness as regular students.

Combined Arts-Law Course

Students in the College of Arts and Sciences who have completed 97 credits of their work, may take during their senior year, the first year law course and upon the completion of the same will be granted the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Upon completing the two remaining years in law, such students will be granted the degree of Bachelor of Laws, thus obtaining both degrees in six years.
INSTRUCTION

Method of Instruction

The case method of instruction has been adopted, and the students are required to carefully brief the cases as assigned and report them in class recitations. No student will be eligible for final examination for credit in any subject until he presents his notebook containing the brief of each case assigned in the subject. Special lectures will be delivered from time to time by persons specially qualified in the topics they will discuss.

Court Practice

The training given in a law school is not complete unless the student acquires a knowledge of actual practice. This is secured by the introduction of the practice court, which is presided over by one of the professors, and this work is required of all students in their senior year. A room is especially equipped for this work, with all the furnishings usually found in a well regulated courtroom. The court will be provided with a full corps of officers made up of the students, each of whom will alternate in official service until each member of the class has had sufficient practice to become familiar with the duties of each office.

Students will be required first to acquaint themselves with the various courts, their jurisdiction, original, concurrent and appellate. They will then be required to carry many default cases in common law and in equity, from the filing of the original papers to the conclusion. Each student will be required to write out and explain all steps possible to be taken in each case, including the duties to be performed by the various officers of the court. In this connection they will be taught the actual use of the practice code of this and other states, as well as the application of the common law procedure.

Many cases will be prepared setting forth facts upon which issues will be joined. For the purposes of this work, court will be opened in regular order, and in the contests in making issues, the practice of handling pleadings, demurrers and motions of every kind will be experienced.

Contested equity cases will be made upon given statements of facts, students will be assigned as attorneys on each side of the cases, other students will act as special judges of the court. In each case, the attorneys will be required to look up the law thoroughly, debate their cases before the special judges, and file briefs with same. The court will deliver written opinions. Students will alternate in this kind of service.
Actual controversies will be arranged and assigned for trial on issues of fact before regularly impaneled juries made up of students, when witnesses will be examined, depositions and other evidence heard, juries instructed upon the law of the cases, arguments made before the court and jury, and all other incidents of a contested trial will be had. Some of these cases will be prosecuted to the Court of Appeals.

Students will at intervals attend the courts of Fayette county, which are in continuous session. Experience gathered there and in the practice court of the college will give a good knowledge of the practical part of the course of instruction.

Students who may desire to spend some part of their spare time in the office of a practicing attorney, in order to gain some acquaintance with the office work and the manner of handling business by the active practitioner, will have this opportunity offered them.

Privileges and Library

Students of the College of Law will be admitted to all the privileges of the literary societies, gymnasium and University library, upon equal terms with other students of the University. They may also attend any of the classes or lectures in other departments of the University without extra charge. A law library containing 11,000 volumes of carefully selected law books has been accumulated and placed in the library rooms of the College of Law, and is open daily for the free use of students. This library embraces the entire National Reporter system, and the separate volumes of the reports of all but six of the states from the beginning up to the publication of that system. The Supreme Court reports and all other Federal Court reports are complete. There is a complete set of all reported English cases from 1650 to the present time; Trinity System, Halsbury's Laws of England, CYC., L. R. A., Corpus Juris, encyclopedias, and many other valuable sets of law books, including a collection of the best text books. All the best publications of law books being issued are obtained for this library.

Henry Clay Law Society

The Henry Clay Law Society is an organization composed of the law students, which convenes once each week in a hall provided for its use. In this society the students by study and actual practice will learn the rules of parliamentary law and their use in deliberative assemblies. They will organize legislative assemblies and learn the procedure in the framing and passage of bills, both state and federal. Subjects of a public nature will be discussed so as to familiarize the
students with the affairs of the country which will confront them in their experience as citizens and professional men.

Examinations and Grading

Examinations will be conducted at intervals in each class as may be determined by the respective instructors to enable them to understand the character of work being done. At the end of the semester written examinations will be held, and only students who have briefed each case assigned them in class will be eligible for examination so as to receive credit for the subject. A, B, C, and D, signify passing grades of varying degrees of merit. E, means a failure, and the subject must be taken over in class. I, means a small part incomplete, for some reason satisfactory to the instructor, and may be completed within one month after the end of the semester. An unavoidable absence from examination may be treated the same way. For unsatisfactory work a student will be dropped.

HONORS AND EXPENSES

Scholarships

A number of Scholarships, Fellowships and Assistantships, paying respectively $200, $500 and $400 each, are offered by the University to encourage research and scholarship. Students doing graduate work in the College of Law are eligible for appointment to these positions.

The Blackstone Institute Prize

The Blackstone Institute of Chicago offers a prize to the student who makes the best general average in the junior year, a set of fifteen volumes of Modern American Law.

Callaghan & Company Prize

Callaghan & Company, Law Book Publishers of Chicago, offer as a prize to the student who makes the second best general average in the junior year, a copy of the Cyclopedia Dictionary.

The W. H. Anderson Company Prize

The W. H. Anderson Law Publishing Company of Cincinnati, Ohio, offers a prize to the student who makes the best general average in the first year a set of Page on Contracts, three volumes.

The Baldwin Law Book Company Prize

The Baldwin Law Book Company, of Louisville, Kentucky, offers a prize which will be announced before the beginning of the next school year, to the student of the senior year who makes the best general average.
Bennett Prize

A prize of $20.00 in gold is offered by Mr. Bennett, of New York, to any student of the University who shall submit the best paper on some subject relating to the Origin and Development of Parliamentary Institutions.

The Degree of Bachelor of Laws (LL. B.)

The degree of Bachelor of Laws (LL. B.) will be conferred upon students who have satisfied the entrance requirements, completed the required work, have passed the final examination, and have reached the age of twenty-one years.

The Degree of Master of Laws (LL. M.)

Persons who can offer the required entrance credits and are regular graduates from an acceptable law school, may become candidates for the degree of Master of Laws (LL. M.). For details concerning this degree address the Dean of this College.

Certificates

A student who has been connected with the College for a period not entitling him to graduate, may on application to the Registrar receive an official certificate of attendance and the degree of his attainments in the subjects taken.

Expenses

Each student will be charged an incidental fee of $20.00, and a student’s activity fee of $4.50 each semester. No diploma fee will be charged. The books for the required work can be secured at a reduced price and will cost about $25.00 a year. An effort is being made to establish a book exchange at the University so that a further reduction may be made in this expense.

Pre-Legal Course

In the preparation for the study of law, students should do an amount of college work which is now regarded as very necessary to properly equip them for the practice of the profession. Under the heading of College requirements it will be seen that this school is approaching the period when such work will be required of all law students who become candidates for degrees. No particular college course is designated, but it is urged that the work be so related that it will be of particular value to the lawyer. It should include courses in English, Public Speaking, American Government, History of the
English and American Constitutions and some work in the Economic and Social Sciences. The assistance of the Dean of the College of Law may be enlisted in aiding students to make out a consistent course.

Collateral Reading Course

Students in law are urged to pursue a course of reading under the supervision of the Law Faculty while they are in the University. This course is not required, but those who may take some part of it will find it of great value, adding much to the accomplishments of the young lawyer, and it should go with the knowledge of the law. The books will be supplied from the law library, and will include any part of the following: History of English Bench and Bar; Pollock and Maitland, History of English Law; Warren, History of American Bar; Bryce, Studies in History and Jurisprudence; Gest, The Lawyer in Literature; Dillon, Laws and Jurisprudence of England and America; Holmes, The Common Law; Pound, Readings on the History and System of the Common Law; White, The Law in Shakespeare; Train, The Prisoner at the Bar. Legal Masterpieces: Eminent Lawyers; Holland, Law; Campbell, Lives of the Chancellors; Maine, Ancient Law; Stowell, International Law; Blackstone, Commentaries; Reed, Conduct of a Lawsuit; Davis, Letters to a Young Lawyer; Sources of English Law.

Kentucky Law Journal

The Kentucky Law Journal is a publication issued bi-monthly during the college year by the College of Law, and has for its chief purpose the dissemination of legal literature among law students and members of the Bench and Bar of the State. It contains contributions from leading law teachers and members of the bar both in and outside the State. This Journal has been made the official organ of the Kentucky Bar Association and is sent free of charge to the members of that association.

Admission to the Bar

Admission to the bar in this State is regulated by statute which requires the Court of Appeals of Kentucky to make and adopt rules and regulations fixing the moral qualifications, standards of acquirement both academic and legal, to entitle applicants to admission. Under the present rules, one committee hearing proof passes upon the moral character and fitness of applicants; their report, if favorable, may be rejected by either the Court or the Board of Examiners. If the report is accepted and the applicant has studied law for a period
of at least two years in a law school or law office, he will be examined by the Board of Examiners on his knowledge of the law and their report will be made to the Court, and license granted if the report is favorable. Examinations will be in writing and be held three times a year.

COURSES OF INSTRUCTION

First Year

Introductory Course—A course of reading and lectures upon the Doctrine, System and History of the American Jurisprudence, to familiarize the student with the elementary conceptions and terms of the law, its form, source, literature and mechanics. Readings in Robinson's Elements of American Jurisprudence, Blackstone and Kent. Four hours a week. First semester. Professor Chalkley.

Contracts. The formation of contracts; offer and acceptance, consideration, contracts under seal. The Statute of Frauds. Parties affected by contracts; contracts for the benefit of third persons; assignments, joint and several contracts. The performance of contracts; express and implied conditions, impossibility of performance. Illegal contracts. Discharge of contracts. Huffcut and Woodruff's Cases on Contracts. Six hours a week. First semester. Professor Goule.

Criminal Law. Jurisdiction; the criminal act, complete and incomplete; criminal intent, actual and constructive; insanity; intoxication; duress and mistake of fact of law; justification; parties in crime; crimes against the person; crimes against property. Mikell's Cases on Criminal Law. Three hours a week. First semester. Professor Lafferty.

Property I. Personal Property. Possession; the nature of possession; rights based on possession; some methods of acquiring titles to chattels; bona fide purchase; purchase at judicial sale; statute of limitations; accession; confusion; satisfaction of judgment; gifts; distinction between sale and bailment; liens and pledges; acquisition and enforcement; loss by surrender of possession; assignability; conversion; acts constituting conversion. Warren's Cases on Property. Two hours a week. Second semester. Professor Summers.

Torts. Breach of legal duty; duty of care; contributory negligence; care in the use or occupation of land; extra-hazardous occupations; joint torts; deceit; defamation; slander; libel; privilege; malicious prosecution; interference with social and business relations; inducing breaches of duty; unfair competition; strikes, boycotts; business combinations. Cases on Torts (to be selected). Six hours a week. Second semester. Professor Hamilton.
Persons and Domestic Relations. Contracts to marry, breaches of promise; marriage; formal requisites, capacity, etc.; property rights of husband and wife; status of married woman at common law and under statutes; transactions between husband and wife; torts affecting the marital relations; divorce and separation; parent and child; custody, services and earnings; torts to children; torts by children; adoption; bastardy; infancy; voidable acts; disaffirmance; ratification; contracts for necessaries; liability for tort; insanity; drunkenness; aliens. Kale's *Cases on Persons*. Two hours a week. Second semester. Professor Goble.

Agency. Nature of relation; appointment; liabilities of principal for agent's torts, contracts, crimes; liabilities of agent; parties to writings; undisclosed principal doctrines; delegation of agency; termination; ratification. Huffcut's *Cases on Agency*. Three hours a week. Second semester. Professor Chalkley.

Second Year

Equity. Basis of equity jurisdiction; specific performance of contracts; reformation, re-execution, rescission and cancellation; injunction in relation to torts; bills of peace, quia timet, interpleader, account; position of equity in the legal system. Bok's *Cases on Equity*. Five hours a week. First semester. Professor Hamilton.

Common Law Pleading. Pleading in tort actions; trespass, ejectment, case, trover, replevin; pleading in contract actions; general and special assumpsit, debt, convenant; principles of general application concerning substance, form, objections to defects, curing defects, dilatory objections, cross demands. Whittier's *Cases on Common Law Pleading*. Two hours a week. First semester. Professor Chalkley.

Property II. Real Property. Introduction to the law of conveyancing; tenure; estates or tenancies; joint tenants; parcers, and tenants in common; reversion and remainders; seisin and disseisin; common law methods of creating, or transferring estates; rents; the Statute of Uses; rights incident to the ownership of land or estates therein; the land itself; air; water; fixtures; emblements; waste; profits; easements; licenses; covenants running with the land. Warren's *Cases on Property*. Two hours a week. First semester. Professor Summers.

Bills and Notes. Formal requisites of negotiability; acceptance; delivery; consideration; negotiation; by delivery, by endorsement; rights and duties of holders; liability of maker, acceptor, drawer,
endorser; discharge; the subject being treated both at common law and under the Negotiable Instruments Law. *Cases on Bills and Notes. Two hours a week. First semester. Professor Hamilton.*

**Office Practice and Criminal Procedure.** Administrative duties as counselor, drafting of legal documents, such as contracts, bills, deeds, mortgages, loans, trust deeds, assignments, powers of attorney, partnership, agreements, articles of incorporation, wills, abstracting of titles, administration of estates. The various phases of criminal procedure up to the court trial will be taught. *Two hours a week. First semester. Professor Lafferty.*

**Private Corporations.** Characteristic features of a corporation; formation; powers and liabilities; rights of stockholders; directors; legislative control; dissolution; creditors of the corporation. Richard's *Cases on Corporations. Four hours a week. Second semester. Professor Goble.*

**Evidence.** Rules of admissibility; real evidence; circumstantial evidence; testimonial evidence; rule for preference of documentary originals; rules for preference between different kinds of witnesses; the hearsay rule and its exceptions; rules of conditional and absolute conclusion; procedure of admissibility; law and fact, judge and jury; burden of proof and presumptions; judicial notice; parol evidence rule. Wigmore's *Cases on Evidence* (Second Edition). *Four hours a week. Second semester. Professor Lafferty.*

**Property III. Titles and Conveyancing.** Adverse possession; prescription; accretion; dedication; mode of conveyance, at common law, under the Statute of Uses, and under modern statutes; execution and delivery of deeds; boundaries; exception and reservation; creation of easements by implication; estates; covenants for title; estoppel by deed; priorities. Aigler's *Cases on Titles. Three hours a week. Second semester. Professor Summers.*

**Code Pleading.** Form of action; parties to action; the "real party in interest"; joinder of parties; the complaint; facts distinguished from conclusions of law and evidence; the statement of facts; the prayer for relief; the joinder of actions; the answer; general and specific denials; "New Matter" in justification or excuse, and in discharge; equitable defenses; union of defenses; counter-claims and set-offs; the reply; by way of denial and of new matter; departure; demurrers. Sunderland's *Cases on Code Pleading. Two hours a week. Second semester. Professor Lafferty.*
Third Year

Property IV. Future Interests. Rights of entry for condition broken; escheat and possibilities of reverter; reversions, vested remainders and executory interests; contingent remainders; limitations to classes; freehold interests subject to a term; rule against perpetuities; illegal restraints and conditions. Kales' Cases on Future Interests. Three hours a week. First semester. Professor Summers.

Sales. Subject matter of the contract; transfer of property and title; destruction of goods and risk of loss; obligations of seller and buyer; rights of unpaid seller against the goods; remedies of the seller on the contract; remedies of the buyer on the contract; Statute of Frauds. Woodward's Cases on Sales. Three hours a week. First semester. Professor Chalkley.

Damages. Exemplary, liquidated, nominal, direct, and consequential damages; avoidable consequences; counsel fees; certainty; compensation; physical and mental suffering; aggravation and mitigation; value; interest; special rules in certain actions of tort and contract. Beale's Cases on Damages. Two hours a week. First semester. Professor Hamilton. (This subject to be taught 1920-21 and alternate years thereafter.)

Insurance. Nature of the contract; insurable interest; making the contract; concealment; representations; warranties; implied conditions of forfeiture; waiver and estoppel; rights under the contract; construction of the policy. Vance's Cases on Insurance. Two hours a week. First semester. Professor Hamilton. (This subject to be taught 1921-22 and alternate years thereafter.)

Partnership. Distinction between partnership and other forms of business association; partnership by contract and by estoppel; competency of partners to become partners; nature and character of a partnership; characteristics of partnership ownership of property; transfer of property, nature of the partnership obligation; powers of partners; rights and remedies of creditors; termination of partnership. Gilmore's Cases on Partnership. Two hours a week. First semester. Professor Goble.

Conflict of Laws. Nature of the subject; penal laws; procedure; judgments; domicile; capacity; form; particular subjects; obligations; family law; inheritance; foreign administrators. Lovenzen's Cases on Conflict of Laws. Three hours a week. First semester. Professor Summers.

Public Utilities. Consideration will be given to the numerous class of businesses and undertakings which have a double aspect of being privately owned and conducted for private profit but are
subjected to abnormal duties of public service; common carriers, hotes, telephone, telegraph, express, gas, electric light, irrigation, pipe line, businesses, etc.; the basis of imposing this status and the method of imposing it; common law, statutes; the character and extent of its peculiar obligations at common law and under statutes; undiscriminatory service, provision of adequate facilities, reasonable rate, and the determination of reasonable rates. Burdick's *Cases on Public Service Companies*. Two hours a week. First semester. Professor Goble. (This subject to be taught 1920-21 and alternate years thereafter.)

**Municipal Corporations.** Nature of municipal corporations; distinction between municipal corporations and other corporations; functions, creative, alterations, dissolution; legislative control; organization, powers of such as police power to tax, power to contract and acquire, manage and dispose of property; liability on contracts and for torts; remedies. Beal's *Cases on Municipal Corporations*. Two hours a week. First semester. Professor Goble. (Given in 1921-22 and alternate years thereafter.)

**Court Practice.** This course is designed to fit the student for actual court practice following his training in the various subjects of substantial law and office practice. This training will give a substantial knowledge of the work the young lawyers will experience in their professional career including work in the various courts, trial practice and appeals. All proceedings will be conducted in the main under the Kentucky code, but treated as to give a fair understanding of like work in other states. Further information can be found under the general title “Court Practice.” Two hours a week. Throughout the year. Professor Lafferty.

**Property V.** (Wills, Descent and Administration). History of the law of wills and testaments; testatorary capacity and intent; kinds of wills and testaments; execution, revocation, republication and revival of wills; descent; probate; executors and administrators; survival of rights and liabilities; priority of claims; assets; payment of legacies and distribution; ademption and lapse of legacies. Costigan's *Cases on Wills, Descent and Administration*. Three hours a week. Second semester. Professor Summers.

**Quasi-Contracts.** Restitution at law for mistake, misrepresentation, duress and undue influence; illegality; impossibility; benefits received under contracts within and without the statute of frauds; benefits received without contracts. Thurston's *Cases on Quasi Contracts*. Two hours a week. Second semester. Professor Chalkley.

**Suretyship.** Kinds of suretyship; statute of frauds; surety's defenses due to original defects in his obligation or in its subsequent
discharge; surety's right of subrogation, indemnity, contribution, or exoneration; creditor's right to surety's remedies. Ames' Cases on Suretyship. Two hours a week. Second semester. Professor Goble.

Trusts. Nature and requisites of a trust; express resulting and constructive trusts; charitable trusts; appointment and office of trustee; nature of cestui's interest; transfer of trust property by trustee of cestui; cestui interest as affected by death, marriage or bankruptcy of the cestui; duties of trustee; extinguishment of trust; removal or resignation of trustee; accounting; assignment of choses in action. Ames' Cases on Trusts (Second Edition). Three hours a week. Second semester. Professor Hamilton.

Constitutional Law. Making and changing constitutions; function of judiciary in enforcing constitutions; separation and delegation of powers of government; personal liberty; interstate privileges and immunities of citizens; operation of the fourteenth amendment; due process and equal protection of law; eminent domain; protection to persons accused of crime; powers of federal governmental money, banking, postal, military powers; citizenship and suffrage; foreign relations; territories, dependencies, new states; federal taxation; regulation of commerce; inter-governmental relations; state laws impairing obligations of contracts; retroactive civil laws. Hall's Cases on Constitutional Law. Four hours a week. Second semester. Professor Chalkley.


International Law. International relations in time of peace and in times of war; territorial jurisdiction; jurisdiction on the high seas; nationality; measures short of actual war; effects of war as between enemies; relations between belligerents and neutrals. Text and cases. Two hours a week. Second semester. President McVey.

Corporate Organization and Operations. Lecture course. Mr. Stoll.

Federal Court Procedure. Lecture course. Mr. Kelley.

Legal Ethics. Lecture course. Mr. Bush.

Mine Construction, Operation and Incidents. Lecture course. State Mine Inspector, Mr. Norwood.
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<th>Name</th>
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<tr>
<td>Abraham, Edwin</td>
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Haley, Herbert Proctor
Hagan, Richard William
Hagan, George Dan
Hamm, William Anton
Harper, Robert Whayne
Haynes, Robert Helton
Hardin, Edward Everett
Howitt, John Marion
Heavrin, Cecil Hubert
Hite, Paul Emory
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Howard, J. Woodford
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Liles, Lovel Hampton
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McIlvain, Ernest Newton
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McMahan, Emmett Burns
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Martin, Glen Francis
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Milam, James William
Minihan, William Andrew
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Oliver, David John
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Pinson, William Jennings
Pritchett, Virgil James

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Hawesville
Frankfort
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Madisonville, Tenn.
St. Helens
White Oak
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Rodgers, Raymond
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Sale, Charles Thomas
Samuels, Asa Magowan
Slagel, Dean
Smith, Granville William
Smith, Clifford Edwin
Sullivan, Neal Grace
Sullivan, Henry Wilbur
Taylor, Frank A.
Talbott, Mary Adams
Tippett, Willis Paul
Tomlinson, Robert Hugh
Turner, Dillard Hazelrigg
Vincent, Patrick Henry
Walker, Orin Coomes
*Ward, Urey G.
Ward, William J.
Watkins, James Blaine
Wise, Leon
Winters, Earl S.
Williams, Buford
White, Robert Emerson
Wood, Clarence Leland
Wooldridge, Homer Eaton
Woods, Sylvester D.
Wright, Mike Doris

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Booneville
Lexington
Wingo
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Mammoth Cave
Elkton
Mt. Sterling
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Inez
Paintsville
Auburn
Eminence
Owensboro
Lexington
Florence, S. C.
Maysville
Tateville
Tuscola
Lake City, Iowa

*Died Dec. 16th, 1919.
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