Russian Language Use in the United States: Demographics and Implications

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Russian Language Use in the United States: Demographics and Implications

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Waves of Russian immigration:
- After 1917 Revolution
- After WWII
- 1970s Jewish (Israel or US)
- 1990s Glasnost (bilingual)
- More recently, brain drain?
(Kagan, 2010)

US Census data (2011) has shown a 393% increase in Russian being spoken in American homes since 1980, with just under a million total speakers.

The US State Department identifies Russian as a critical language and offers scholarships to develop a "pipeline of foreign language and cultural expertise for the US federal government workforce." (NSEP, 2019)

Russian heritage learners desire to communicate with friends and family and to learn about their roots. They are most interested in improving their Russian vocabulary. (Kagan, 2010).

Vocabulary, on a word by word basis, is easy to acquire, but overall takes a long time. (Andersonn, 1998)

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