1914

Bulletin of the University of Kentucky College of Law – 1914

University of Kentucky College of Law

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College of Law

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CATALOGUE

OF THE

STATE

UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY

FOR THE

SESSION ENDING JUNE 4, 1914

COLLEGE OF LAW

PRINTED BY THE UNIVERSITY PRESS
LEXINGTON, KY.
ORGANIZATION OF THE UNIVERSITY.

College of Arts and Science.

School of Arts.
    Department of English.
    Department of Greek.
    Department of History and Economics.
    Department of Latin.
    Department of Mathematics and Astronomy.
    Department of Modern Languages.
    Department of Philosophy.

School of Science.
    Department of Anatomy and Physiology.
    Department of Geology.
    Department of Physics.

School of Chemistry.

School of Education.

College of Agriculture.

Experiment Station.
    Department of Administration.
    Department of Agronomy.
    Department of Animal Husbandry, (Beef Cattle, Sheep and Swine).
    Department of Animal Husbandry, (Dairy Cattle, Horses and Poultry).
    Department of Chemistry.
    Department of Entomology and Botany.
    Department of Extension.
    Department of Feed Control.
    Department of Fertilizer Control.
    Department of Food and Drugs Control.
    Department of Horticulture.
    Department of Research.

School of Agriculture.
    Department of Agronomy.
THE STATE UNIVERSITY.

Department of Animal Husbandry.
Department of Bacteriology.
Department of Botany.
Department of Entomology and Zoology.
Department of Horticulture.
Department of Veterinary Science.

School of Home Economics.
Department of Household Arts.
Department of Household Science.

School of Extension.

College of Civil Engineering.
School of Civil Engineering.
School of Rural and Highway Engineering.

College of Mechanical and Electrical Engineering.
Department of Drawing.
Department of Electrical Engineering.
Department of Heat Engineering.
Department of Mechanics of Engineering.
Department of Practical Mechanics.

College of Mines and Metallurgy.
School of Mining Engineering.
Mining Engineering.
Mining, Two Years' Course.
Practical Miners' Course.

School of Metallurgical Engineering.
Metallurgy.
Ore Dressing.

School of Extension.

College of Law.
Graduate School.
Summer School.

Additional General Departments.
Department of Physical Education.
Department of Military Science.
COLLEGE OF LAW.

FACULTY.

HENRY STITES BARKER, LL.D., President.
WILLIAM THORNTON LAFFERTY, A.M., Dean and Professor of Law.
LYMAN CHALKLEY, LL.B., Professor of Law.
CHARLES KERR, Professor of Law.
JAMES RICHARD BUSH, A.B., Associate Professor of Law.
J. EMBRY ALLEN, A.B., Associate Professor of Law.
GEORGE W. VAUGHN, LL.B., Associate Professor of Law.
WILLIAM ELMER NICHOLS, A.B., LL.B., Associate Professor of Law.
WILLIAM HENRY TOWNSEND, LL.B., Associate Professor of Law.

From the Faculty of College of Arts and Science:

JAMES EDWARD TUTHILL, Ph.D., Professor of Political Economy.
JOHN JAMES TIGERT, A.M., B.A. (Oxon), Professor of Roman Civil Law.
EDWARD FRANKLIN FARQUHAR, A.M., Professor of Forensics.

RESIDENT LECTURERS.

HENRY S. BARKER, LL.D.
JOHN R. ALLEN, A.B., LL.D.
RICHARD C. STOLL, A.B., LL.B.
MATT S. WALTON, A.B., LL.B.

NON-RESIDENT LECTURERS.

EDWARD C. O'REAR, Ex-Chief Justice Kentucky Court of Appeals.
JAMES GARNETT, Attorney-General of Kentucky.
THOMAS L. EDELEN, A.B., LL.B., Frankfort.
HON. BOYD WINCHESTER, Louisville.
EX- SENATOR J. C. S. BLACKBURN, Versailles.
L. MERIWETHER SMITH, A.B., LL.B., Harrodsburg.
COLLEGE OF LAW.

W. T. LAFFERTY, DEAN.

SPECIAL STATEMENT.

The Legislature of the State of Kentucky in 1908, by special enactment, converted Kentucky State College into a University, which now assumes its place at the head of the educational system of the State, as State University of Kentucky. It was the design of the Legislature to make a strong state educational institution, and additional appropriations were made for that purpose. Additional courses of instruction were provided for in 1908, one of which was a course in law. Accordingly the Board of Trustees directed that the College of Law be established as one of the integral parts of the University, and that it be opened September, 1908, for the admission of students. A course of study covering a period of two years was prescribed, but the experience of one year proved that a longer period is necessary for a student to acquire a knowledge of the various elements of the law which will enable him to meet the needs of the profession. Commencing with September, 1909, the course was extended to three years, and embraces work of a collateral nature, which experience has proven to be of practical value in connection with technical instruction.

Formerly it was possible for the law student to begin and complete his professional studies in the office of a practicing lawyer. The demands upon the beginner were not so great; the authorities were few; the leading principles were settled and their application was comparatively simple. Now greater and better things are required. Our country is experiencing remarkable growth and development. The requirements for a successful career in all lines of business and in all professions, necessitate the laying of a broader foundation before encountering these greatly changed conditions. The design of this College is to teach the student the fundamental principles of English and American Law, and to so extend the course of study as to fit him for the bar in any State. The course offered is thorough and comprehensive, giving such training as will prepare him for usefulness as a citizen, and success as a practitioner. The instruction will not be limited to persons who may choose the law as a profession, but will be given also to special students who may elect to take a limited course in such subjects as will be found useful in the pursuit of some other business or occupation. A good knowl-
edge of the law is now being generally recognized as necessary and fundamental in making up a well-rounded preparation for a business life. Besides this, the study of the law, as now taught, with its collateral work, is an important part of a liberal education.

EXPENSES.

Tuition is free to all Law students who are residents of Kentucky, but each student will be required to pay an incidental fee of $15 which will be used in paying for material consumed, and in payment of a ticket which will entitle the holder to free admission to all public lectures given under the auspices of the Public Lecture Bureau, and to medical advice from the resident physician, to the use of the University hospital, and free admission to all athletic contests and exercises given under the auspices of the University Athletic Association. Non-resident Law students will pay an additional fee of $5. Students entering the second semester will pay one-half the above fees. Each graduate will pay a diploma fee of $5. The books for the required work will cost about $25 per year. Good board can be had in private families at prices varying from $3 to $4.50 per week.

ADMISSION.

Applicants for admission to the first year classes of the College of Law must be at least eighteen years of age. Each of such applicants, if required must present evidence of good character. This may be in the form of a certificate of credit from the school last attended by the applicant, or by a letter signed by a reputable citizen. Students who carry their full line of work in other Colleges of the University may, during their Senior year and by the consent of their Dean, have the privilege of attending, free of charge, any of the lectures and recitations of the College of Law. No law student will be required to drill or do any kind of military duty.

Entrance Requirements.

All students who are candidates for graduation must be able to offer credit for fifteen units * of High School or other secondary school work. This credit can be secured:

1. By examination.
2. By certificate from an accredited school.
3. By transfer from some other University or College.

* A unit represents a subject pursued five periods a week for one year.
Of the fifteen units required for admission, 9½ are specified as follows:

- English ........................................... 3
- Algebra .......................................... 1½
- Plane Geometry ................................ 1
- History .......................................... 2
- Foreign Languages ......................... 2

The remaining 5½ units may be selected at will from the following list:

- Trigonometry ................................. ½
- Solid Geometry ............................... ½
- Surveying ...................................... ½
- French ......................................... 1 to 3
- German ......................................... 1 to 3
- Spanish ......................................... 1 to 3
- Latin ........................................... 1 to 4
- Greek ........................................... 1 to 3
- History ......................................... 1 to 3½
- Physics .......................................... 1
- Botany .......................................... ½ to 1
- Chemistry .................................... ½ to 1
- Zoology ......................................... ½ to 1
- Physiology .................................... ½ to 1
- Geology .......................................... ½ to 1
- Agriculture .................................... ½
- Physical Geography ......................... ½
- Civil Government ............................. ½
- Psychology or Pedagogy .................... ½
- Political Economy ............................. ½
- Commercial Geography ..................... ½
- Commercial Arithmetic ..................... ½
- Manual Training ............................... ½
- Bookkeeping .................................... ½
- Free Hand Drawing ............................ ½
- Teaching one year or more on First Class Certificate .......................... 1
- Geology .......................................... ½ to 1
- Agriculture .................................... ½
- Physical Geography ......................... ½
- Civil Government ............................. ½
- Psychology or Pedagogy .................... ½
- Political Economy ............................. ½
- Commercial Geography ..................... ½
- Commercial Arithmetic ..................... ½
- Manual Training ............................... ½
- Bookkeeping .................................... ½
- Free Hand Drawing ............................ ½
- Teaching one year or more on First Class Certificate .......................... 1

A student will be received and classified as first year Law student if he offers as many as thirteen of the fifteen units, but he must make up the two additional units before the beginning of his last year’s work.

Advanced Standing.

Applicants for admission to advanced standing must first satisfy the foregoing entrance requirements. By presentation of satisfactory certificates issued by an approved law school, which requires entrance credits equal to above, or by examination, such applicants may then obtain any advanced credits in law to which they are entitled. For admission to the Junior year, satisfactory evidence must be shown of the completion of the work of the first year of the course in law or its equivalent. For admission to the Senior year, evidence must be shown of the completion of the work of the first and Junior years of the course in law or its equivalent. All law credits offered for advanced standing must be sub-

* Graduates of first class High Schools who have had four full years’ work in English of five recitations per week, may offer four units in English.

No subject offered as an entrance requirement can be counted again in the total credits required for the completion of a college course.
mitted to the Dean for adjustment. In no event will credit be given for more than two years' work done outside of this College.

Special Students.

Persons whose preliminary preparation is not such as to entitle them to enter the regular courses as candidates for a degree, or persons who have read law for a considerable period before making application for admission, and such reading has not been sufficiently extensive to bring them within the rules for admission for graduation, are allowed to become special students, with the privilege of pursuing the courses of study, in any of the specified subjects, but without the privilege of being enrolled as candidates for a degree. All such students must satisfy the Dean that they are qualified to pursue the work with profit to themselves, and will be required to complete the subjects selected with the same thoroughness as regular students.

Should a special student desire subsequently to become a candidate for a degree, he must make up all the work required for the entrance examination before the beginning of the year in which he proposes to graduate.

DEGREES AND SPECIAL PRIVILEGES.

The Degree of Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.)

The degree of Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) will be conferred upon students who have satisfactorily completed the prescribed work of the course; at least one year must be residence work; he must have reached the age of twenty-one, years have satisfied the entrance requirements, and have performed all the required exercises and passed the regular examination.

The Degree of Bachelor of Civil Law (B.C.L.)

The degree of Bachelor of Civil Law (B.C.L.) will be conferred upon such students as may complete four years of work including the law subjects set out in the prescribed law course, and twenty-four credits of work in the course of Arts and Science. Ten of these credits are required as follows: Four in English, one in History, three in Political Economy, Political Science or Sociology and two in Forensics. Fourteen may be selected from Latin, Greek, German, French, Philosophy, Logic, Ethics, Psychology, Anatomy and Physiology, Journalism, History, English Literature, Chemistry or Physics.

By consent of the Dean, permission may be given to use as credits other subjects not mentioned in the above list of electives.
The Degree of Master of Laws (LL. M.)

Persons who can offer the required entrance credits and are regular graduates from an acceptable Law School, or have been actively engaged in the practice of law for five years, may become candidates for the degree of Master of Laws (LL. M.). For this degree, one year's resident work will be required.

Certificates.

A student who has been connected with the college for a period not entitling him to graduate, may on application to the Dean receive an official certificate of attendance, which states the time of his attendance and the degree of his attainments in the subjects taken.

Removal of Conditions.

Students who fail to receive their degree in due course, because of conditions (other than those for entrance), will be permitted to remove those conditions at any time not later than one year after the graduation of their regular class. Further time may, however, be granted by a vote of the Law Faculty.

Combined Arts and Law Course.

Seniors in the College of Arts and Science may elect as part of the requirements for graduation, courses from the first year's work in the College of Law. By so doing they will be able to shorten from seven to six years the time required to earn the degrees in both courses.

Collateral Study.

For the purpose of giving students every possible opportunity for thorough preparation, it is suggested to all those who have not had some training in a College or University, that it will be of great benefit to them to take in connection with their law work, some of the following courses offered in this University, which can be had without extra charge and so arranged as not to interfere with the law classes. Courses in English, courses in History, including Constitutional and Political History of the United States and of England, Political Science, Government, Psychology, Debating, and some others that may be selected.

This extra work is not required of law students who are candidates for the degree of LL.B., but is earnestly recommended.

Special Lectures.

Special lectures will be delivered during the year by eminent law-
yers, covering many of the phases of the law and including procedure, legal ethics, and other allied subjects.

Privileges and Library.

Students of the College of Law will be admitted to all the privileges of the literary societies, gymnasium and University library, upon equal terms with other students of the University. They may also attend any of the classes or lectures in other departments of the University without extra charge. A law library of carefully selected law books has been accumulated and placed in the library rooms of the department, and is open daily for the free use of students. This library embraces collections of text-books, U. S. Supreme Court Reports, Federal and State Court Reports, duplicate sets of Kentucky Reports and Law Reporter, American Decisions, American Reports, American State Reports, a complete set of the National Reporter System, including Century Digest, Decennial and Key Number Digests, Halsbury's Laws of England, English Reports from 1650 to 1865, and English Law Reports from 1865 to the present time, Lawyers' Reports Annotated, CYC Encyclopedia of Law, Encyclopedia of Pleading and Practice, and many other sets of valuable law books. Excepting the Court of Appeals Library in Frankfort, this is the best law library in the State.

Henry Clay Law Society.

The Henry Clay Law Society is an organization composed of the law students, which convenes once each week in a hall provided for its use. In this society the students by study and actual practice will learn the rules of parliamentary law and their use in deliberative assemblies. They will organize legislative assemblies and learn the procedure in the framing and passage of bills, both State and Federal. Subjects of a public nature will be discussed so as to familiarize the students with the affairs of the country which will confront them in their experience as citizens and professional men.

PRIZES.

The American Law Book Co. Prize.

The American Law Book Co., of New York, offers a prize to the student who makes the best general average during the year, a set of Student's Edition of CYC in twelve volumes which set is a reproduction of the text of the forty volume edition of CYC.
Callaghan & Co. Prize.

Callaghan & Company, Law Book Publishers, of Chicago, offer as a prize to the student of the Junior year who makes the best general average a copy of the Cyclopedic Dictionary.

METHOD OF INSTRUCTION.

The method of instruction pursued will be the use of text-books, lectures, illustrative cases, and such other methods as the Faculty may deem advisable. The value which the study of cases possesses, in illustrating the practical application of legal principles, is fully appreciated, and in addition to the use of prescribed case books the student will be required to use the library freely, in searching for cases illustrative of the principles taught him. He will be required to present the result of his investigation in the law library, to the class-room, that the subject may be discussed before the class until thoroughly understood.

Examinations will be held on each subject as it is completed, and a general examination will be held at the end of the year upon the entire year's work.

Moot and Practice Court.

The student enters more thoroughly into the spirit of his law work and obtains a clearer understanding if he is given exercises from which he may draw conclusions by applying his knowledge of the principles of the law taught him in his class. Therefore students in each year of their course are required to do an amount of moot court work, which is based upon assumed statements of facts given by the Professor in charge. From the statement of facts, each member of the class is required to draw his own conclusion as to what principle is involved, and support his conclusion by the law he is able to gather from his investigation in the law library of Text-books and Court Decisions. The reports are made by the students and debated before the class. This plan teaches the student how to analyze facts, how to find and apply the law, and how to present his case and debate it.

The training given in a law school is not complete unless the student acquires a knowledge of actual practice. This is secured by the introduction of the Practice Court, which is presided over by one of the professors. A room is especially equipped for this work, with all the furnishings usually found in a well regulated court-room. The Court will be provided with a full corps of officers made up of the students, each of whom will alternate in official service until each member of the class has
had sufficient practice to become familiar with the duties of each office.

Students will be required to prepare and file in the court pleadings in all kinds of cases, both common law and equity, and as counsel they will carry through the various steps taken in a cause from its inception to the final order. Many cases will be given in which issue will be joined. In such cases students will be assigned to each side as Attorneys, and in taking the steps leading up to the issue, practice will be given in filing demurrers and all other incidental proceedings. All steps necessary to be taken in criminal cases, from the making of affidavit preparatory to arrest up to and including the return of the indictment, will be taught in this court.

Actual controversies will be arranged and assigned for trial on issues of fact before a jury, when witnesses will be examined, arguments made before the court and jury, and all other incidents of a contested trial will be experienced.

Contested Equity Cases will be made up on given statement of facts, students alternating in service will be assigned as attorneys on either sides of the case, other students will act as special judges of the court. In each case the attorneys will be required to thoroughly look up the law, debate, and brief the case before the special judges, who will write opinions on same, which opinions together with the briefs in each case will be kept in the Department files.

A regular court docket will be kept, on which the style of the cases and the names of Attorneys are recorded. All steps taken in the cases will be recorded in a record book kept for that purpose. At the conclusion of a case the pleadings and other documents used will be retained in the files. Appeals will be prosecuted to the Court of Appeals, and each student will be instructed in the preparation of the case and in the procedure before that court.

Students will at intervals attend the courts of Fayette County which are in continuous session. Experience gained there and in the practice court of the College will give a good knowledge of the practical part of the course of instruction.

Students who may desire to spend some part of their spare time in the office of a practicing Attorney, in order to gain some acquaintance with the office work and the manner of handling business by the active practitioner, will have this opportunity offered them.
OUTLINE OF COURSE OF INSTRUCTION.

FIRST YEAR.

1. Study of the Common Law. Blackstone's Commentaries: Introduction, Book 1 (omitting chapters III to IV); Book II (complete), Three hours per week. First semester. (CHALKLEY)

2. Domestic Relation. Husband and wife, parent and child, guardian and ward, master and servant and infancy; instruction in the keeping of all documents and court records connected with these relations. Text-book: Schouler's Domestic Relations. Lectures. Three hours per week. First semester. (TOWNSEND)

3. Torts. This course deals with all phases of the subject. Text-book: Bigelow on Torts. Cases. Two hours per week. First semester. (KERR)

4. Contracts. Elements and principles, formation, classification, the various relations and laws governing same. Tests in the formation of contracts. Text-book: Clark on Contracts. Lectures and cases. Two hours per week. First and second semester. (VAUGHN)

5. Real Property. This subject is treated fully, including instruction in conveyancing, abstracting, and the keeping of real estate court records. Text-book: Minor and Wurts on Real Property. Lectures and cases. Two hours per week. First and second semesters. (CHALKLEY)


8. Criminal Law. The general principles of Criminal Law, the elements and classification of crimes, proceedings in criminal cases. Text-book: Clark's Criminal Law. Selected and moot cases. Three hours per week. Second semester. (LAFFERTY)

9. Bailments and Carriers. Origin and history; the various kinds of persons and companies classified under this head and the laws regulating same. Text-book: Schouler on Bailment and Carriers. Cases. Two hours per week. Second semester. (KERR)

Forensics. (English 7.) Instruction by Prof. Farquhar, of the Department of English in the College of Arts. Two hours per week. First and second semesters. (FARQUHAR)
11. **Common Law Pleading.** A study of the original plan of common law pleading, the present plan of its practice, and extent of its use. Text-book: Perry's *Common Law Pleading*. Cases. Two hours per week. First semester. (CHALKLEY)

12. **Evidence.** This course covers the rules of evidence as developed by the common law, and the rules now in general use in all courts. Also the procedure in court in the treatment of all questions of evidence. Text-book: Greenleaf on *Evidence*, Vol. 1, fifteenth edition. Select cases. Two hours per week. First semester. (CHALKLEY)

13. **Insurance.** History, nature, and general principles of insurance law, applicable to all kinds of insurance. Samples of all kinds of policies issued are used in class. Text-book: Vance on *Insurance*. Lectures and cases. Two hours per week. First semester. (CHALKLEY)

14. **Wills and Administration.** Persons who make a will, what may be willed, what constitutes a valid will. Preparation of wills, procedure in the qualification of an executor and administrator, settlement of estates, etc. Text-book: Bigelow on *Wills*. Cases. Two hours per week. First semester. (LAFFERTY)

15. **Bills, Notes and Checks.** This course deals with the law and business application of the subject. Text-book: Bigelow on *Bills, Notes and Checks*. Lectures. Two hours per week. First semester. (LAFFERTY)

16. **Corporation.** The nature and classes of corporations, their creation, charter and organization; franchises, powers, and limitations, consolidation, forfeiture of charter and the laws regulating corporations. Practice work in creating corporations. Text-book: Elliott on *Private Corporations*. Study of Cases. Two hours per week. First and second semesters. (BUSH)

17. **Equity.** The origin and development of equity jurisprudence, general maxims, an exhaustive study of the principles and application of the subject. Text-book: Bispham's *Equity, Students' Edition*. Study of cases. Two hours per week. First and second semesters. (ALLEN)

18. **Real Property.** Continued from first year, including conveyancing and other transactions relating to real property. Study of cases. Two hours per week. Second semester. (CHALKLEY)

19. **Code Pleading.** A study of the general rules adopted in the various code States, but particular attention is given to the rules in use in this State. The student is instructed in the framing of all kinds of pleading.
ing, demurrers, etc. Text-book: Bryant's *Code Pleading*. Test and selected cases. Two hours per week. Second semester. (CHALKLEY)


22. Moot Court and Practice Work. This work will embrace the study of law and its applications to given statements of facts, brief making, and the study and practice of uncontested matters such as the lawyer handles in his office. Two hours per week. Second semester. (LAFFERTY)

23. Damages. This course deals generally with the subject of damages, the kinds, measure and procedure. Text-book: Sedgwick's *Elements of the Law of Damages*. Selected cases. Two hours per week. First semester. (CHALKLEY)

24. Conflict of Laws. A careful study is made of the comparison of theories and practice in various jurisdictions, as to both civil and criminal matters, and with Interstate Law in the United States. Text-book: Minor's *Conflict of Laws*. Selected and test cases. Two hours per week. First semester. (LAFFERTY)


26. Civil and Criminal Procedure. Practice court work, code and statute law, including all lines of work elsewhere set out under general title 'Moot Court and Practice Work.' Three hours per week. First and second semesters. (LAFFERTY)


27. Quasi Contracts. Obligations based upon contractual relations,
and imposed upon equitable rules. Text-book: Keener on the Law of Quasi Contracts. Lectures and cases. Two hours per week. Second semester. (Chalkley)

28. Preparation of Legal Instruments. Exercises and lectures on the framing of legal instruments, deeds, mortgages, leases, wills, corporation papers. Two hours per week. Half second semester. (Nichols)

29. Study of Statute Law. A detailed study and critical analysis of the statute from the standpoint of their structure, interpretation, construction, application, and relation to each other, together with a consideration of the fundamental principles of the law which they effect. Two hours per week. Second semester. (Chalkley)

30. Jurisdiction and Procedure in the Federal Courts. Course of lectures will be delivered upon the history and creation of the Federal Courts, their jurisdiction and procedure. (President Barker)

31. Bankruptcy. Law and procedure. Course of lectures. (Lafferty)

Political Economy. 1. This subject is taught in the Arts Department of the University, but is required of law students. Text-book and collateral reading. Two hours per week. First and second semesters. (Tuthill)

SUMMER COURSE IN LAW.

In connection with the summer courses of instruction offered by State University, the College of Law will offer special courses in law, beginning June 15, 1914, and continuing eight weeks. These courses will be given on the subjects set out in the regular courses, and are offered for the benefit of those who have not completed the work of the previous year and wish to continue the law course to its completion; for those who are preparing for admission to the bar and have had no training in a Law School; for lawyers or students who wish to review the law to familiarize themselves with the theory, or to prepare for advanced standing in pursuing the law course to graduation in this University. Work successfully completed during the summer term will be credited as if done during any regular term, thereby lessening to that extent the period of time necessary for graduation.

Students who enter the Summer Law School will be permitted to supplement their law studies by taking instruction in any of the classes in other departments of the University without extra charge. The surroundings of the University are peculiarly favorable for summer work.
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Holbrook, McHenry Hartford
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Huber, William M. Lexington
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Hoskins, Charles Walter Hyden
Ihrig, Chester D. Bellevue
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Jones, Arthur Evans London
Jones, William H. Hazel
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Johnson, Clayborne Xenophon Tallega
Kimbrough, Nelson Lee Lexington
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Kelly, Ted Benjamin Great Bend, Kansas
King, Arthur Leo Robards
Kirkpatrick, Oliver Wendall Greenville
Link, Thomas Brown Paris
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Lowry, Tom White Catlettsburg
Love, Samuel E. Montgomery; W, Va.
Magruder, William Marion Lexington
Macloskey, Louis Wallace Collingwood, N. J.
Marshall, Eleaner Peace Frankfort
Martin, Rufus Townes Greenville
Meadows, Melford Fillmore Pine Knott
McCauley, Marion Robert Louisville
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W. F. Parker
Wally Heney
the Campbells